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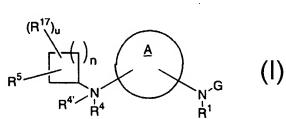
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(54) Title: BENZYLCYCLOALKYL AMINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR ACTIVITY

WO 01/28987



(57) Abstract: The present application describes modulators of CCR3 of formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, useful for the prevention of inflammatory diseases such as asthma and other allergic diseases.

TITLE

BENZYLCYCLOALKYL AMINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR ACTIVITY

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to modulators of chemokine receptor activity, pharmaceutical compositions containing the same, and methods of using the same as agents for treatment and prevention of inflammatory diseases such as allergic diseases and asthma, as well as autoimmune pathologies such as rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Chemokines are chemotactic cytokines, of molecular weight 6-15 kDa, that are released by a wide variety of cells to attract and activate, among other cell types, 20 macrophages, T and B lymphocytes, eosinophils, basophils and neutrophils (reviewed in Luster, New Eng. J Med., 338, 436-445 (1998) and Rollins, Blood, 90, 909-928 (1997)). There are two major classes of chemokines, CXC and CC, depending on whether the first two cysteines in 25 the amino acid sequence are separated by a single amino acid (CXC) or are adjacent (CC). The CXC chemokines, such as interleukin-8 (IL-8), neutrophil-activating protein-2 (NAP-2) and melanoma growth stimulatory activity protein (MGSA) are chemotactic primarily for 30 neutrophils and T lymphocytes, whereas the CC chemokines, such as RANTES, MIP-1 α , MIP-1 β , the monocyte chemotactic proteins (MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4, and MCP-5) and the eotaxins (-1,-2, and -3) are chemotactic for, among other cell types, macrophages, T lymphocytes, eosinophils, dendritic cells, and basophils. There also 35

exist the chemokines lymphotactin-1, lymphotactin-2 (both C chemokines), and fractalkine (a CXXXC chemokine) that do not fall into either of the major chemokine subfamilies.

5 The chemokines bind to specific cell-surface receptors belonging to the family of G-protein-coupled seven-transmembrane-domain proteins (reviewed in Horuk, Trends Pharm. Sci., 15, 159-165 (1994)) which are termed "chemokine receptors." On binding their cognate 10 ligands, chemokine receptors transduce an intracellular signal through the associated trimeric G proteins, resulting in, among other responses, a rapid increase in intracellular calcium concentration, changes in cell shape, increased expression of cellular adhesion 15 molecules, degranulation, and promotion of cell migration. There are at least ten human chemokine receptors that bind or respond to CC chemokines with the following characteristic patterns: CCR-1 (or "CKR-1" or "CC-CKR-1") [MIP-1 α , MCP-3, MCP-4, RANTES] (Ben-Barruch, 20 et al., Cell, 72, 415-425 (1993), Luster, New Eng. J. Med., 338, 436-445 (1998)); CCR-2A and CCR-2B (or "CKR-2A"/"CKR-2B" or "CC-CKR-2A"/"CC-CKR-2B") [MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4, MCP-5] (Charo et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 91, 2752-2756 (1994), Luster, New Eng. J. 25 Med., 338, 436-445 (1998)); CCR-3 (or "CKR-3" or "CC-CKR-3") [eotaxin-1, eotaxin-2, RANTES, MCP-3, MCP-4] (Combadiere, et al., J. Biol. Chem., 270, 16491-16494 (1995), Luster, New Eng. J. Med., 338, 436-445 (1998)); CCR-4 (or "CKR-4" or "CC-CKR-4") [TARC, MIP-1 α , RANTES, MCP-1] (Power et al., J. Biol. Chem., 270, 19495-19500 30 (1995), Luster, New Eng. J. Med., 338, 436-445 (1998)); CCR-5 (or "CKR-5" OR "CC-CKR-5") [MIP-1α, RANTES, MIP- 1β] (Sanson, et al., Biochemistry, 35, 3362-3367

(1996)); CCR-6 (or "CKR-6" or "CC-CKR-6") [LARC] (Baba

et al., J. Biol. Chem., 272, 14893-14898 (1997)); CCR-7 (or "CKR-7" or "CC-CKR-7") [ELC] (Yoshie et al., J. Leukoc. Biol. 62, 634-644 (1997)); CCR-8 (or "CKR-8" or "CC-CKR-8") [I-309, TARC, MIP-1β] (Napolitano et al., J. Immunol., 157, 2759-2763 (1996), Bernardini et al., Eur. J. Immunol., 28, 582-588 (1998)); and CCR-10 (or "CKR-10" or "CC-CKR-10") [MCP-1, MCP-3] (Bonini et al, DNA and Cell Biol., 16, 1249-1256 (1997)).

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In addition to the mammalian chemokine receptors, 10 mammalian cytomegaloviruses, herpesviruses and poxviruses have been shown to express, in infected cells, proteins with the binding properties of chemokine receptors (reviewed by Wells and Schwartz, Curr. Opin. Biotech., 8, 741-748 (1997)). Human CC chemokines, such as RANTES and MCP-3, can cause rapid mobilization of 15 calcium via these virally encoded receptors. Receptor expression may be permissive for infection by allowing for the subversion of normal immune system surveillance and response to infection. Additionally, human 20 chemokine receptors, such as CXCR4, CCR2, CCR3, CCR5 and CCR8, can act as co-receptors for the infection of mammalian cells by microbes as with, for example, the human immunodeficiency viruses (HIV).

25 important mediators of inflammatory, infectious, and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases, including asthma and allergic diseases, as well as autoimmune pathologies such as rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis. For example, the chemokine receptor CCR-3 plays a pivotal role in attracting eosinophils to sites of allergic inflammation and in subsequently activating these cells. The chemokine ligands for CCR-3 induce a rapid increase in intracellular calcium concentration, increased expression of cellular adhesion molecules, cellular degranulation, and the promotion of

eosinophil migration. Accordingly, agents which modulate chemokine receptors would be useful in such disorders and diseases. In addition, agents which modulate chemokine receptors would also be useful in infectious diseases such as by blocking infection of CCR3 expressing cells by HIV or in preventing the manipulation of immune cellular responses by viruses such as cytomegaloviruses.

A substantial body of art has accumulated over the past several decades with respect to substituted piperidines and pyrrolidines. These compounds have implicated in the treatment of a variety of disorders.

WO 98/25604 describes spiro-substituted azacycles which are useful as modulators of chemokine receptors:

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wherein R_1 is C_{1-6} alkyl, optionally substituted with functional groups such as $-NR^6CONHR^7$, wherein R^6 and R^7 may be phenyl further substituted with hydroxy, alkyl, cyano, halo and haloalkyl. Such spiro compounds are not considered part of the present invention.

WO 95/13069 is directed to certain piperidine, pyrrolidine, and hexahydro-1H-azepine compounds of general formula:

$$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \xrightarrow{H} NHCO-A-N \\ C=O \end{array} \xrightarrow{R_5} W$$

$$(CH_2)_n \xrightarrow{X} X$$

wherein A may be substituted alkyl or Z-substituted alkyl, with $Z=NR_{6a}$ or O. Compounds of this type are claimed to promote the release of growth hormone in humans and animals.

WO 93/06108 discloses pyrrolobenzoxazine derivatives as 5-hydroxytryptamine (5-HT) agonists and antagonists:

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wherein A is lower alkylene and R^4 may be phenyl optionally substituted with halogen.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,668,151 discloses Neuropeptide Y
(NPY) antagonists comprising 1,4-dihydropyridines with a
piperidinyl or tetrahydropyridinyl-containing moiety
attached to the 3-position of the 4-phenyl ring:

$$R^{3}$$
 R^{2}
 $R^{1}O_{2}C$
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 $R^{1}O_{2}C$

wherein B may be NH, NR¹, O, or a bond, and R⁷ may be substituted phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl and the like.

Patent publication EP 0 903 349 A2 discloses CCR-3 receptor antagonists comprising cyclic amines of the following structure:

$$Ar-(F)-(E)-CR^3R^4-(CHR)_m-T$$
 $U-Q-Ar^1$

wherein T and U may be both nitrogen or one of T and U is nitrogen and the other is carbon and E may be - NR^6CONR^5 - and others.

These reference compounds are readily distinguished structurally by either the nature of the urea functionality, the attachment chain, or the possible substitution of the present invention. The prior art does not disclose nor suggest the unique combination of structural fragments which embody these novel piperidines and pyrrolidines as having activity toward the chemokine receptors.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

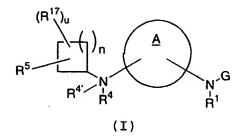
Accordingly, one object of the present invention is 15 to provide novel agonists or antagonists of CCR-3, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a

therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a method for treating inflammatory disorders comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

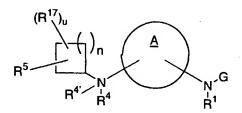
These and other objects, which will become apparent during the following detailed description, have been achieved by the inventors' discovery that compounds of formula (I):



or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts
thereof, wherein A, G, R¹, R⁴, R^{4'}, R⁵, R¹⁷, n and u are defined below, are effective modulators of chemokine activity.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS .

10 [1] Thus, in a first embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):



(I)

or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

A is selected from

$$(R^{18})_{u}$$
 $(CH_{2})_{t}$ $(CH_$

5 G is selected from $-C(0)R^3$, $-C(0)NR^2R^3$, $-C(0)OR^3$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, $-SO_2R^3$, $-C(=S)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$,

$$(O)_s$$
 $N - S$
 $N -$

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W, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C
 or N, provided at least two of W are C;

X is selected from O, S, and NR¹⁹;

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 ${\tt X}^1$ and ${\tt X}^2$ are independently selected from C and N;

Z¹ is selected from C and N;

 Z^2 is selected from NR^{1a}, O, S and C;

- R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;
- R^{1a} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, and a } (CH_2)_r C_{3-10} \text{ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 } R^a;$

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- Ra, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO₂, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^c$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^c$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^b$,
- $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^bR^b, (CH_2)_rNR^bC(O)R^b, (CH_2)_rC(O)OR^b, \\ (CH_2)_rOC(O)R^c, (CH_2)_rCH(=NR^b)NR^bR^b, \\ (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^b)NR^bR^b, (CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^c, \\ (CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^bR^b, (CH_2)_rNR^bS(O)_2R^c, and (CH_2)_rphenyl;$
- 20 R^b , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^c , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

- alternatively, R^2 and R^3 join to form a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'R^3")_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15} and a $(CR^3'R^3")_r-5-$ 10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4

heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 \mathbb{R}^{15} ;

 $R^{3'}$ and $R^{3''}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, 5 C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

- R^4 is hydrogen, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, and a } (CH_2)_r-C_{3-10} \text{ carbocyclic}$ residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;
 - alternatively, R^4 joins with R^8 or R^{11} to form a pyrrolidine or piperidine ring system substituted with 0-3 R^{4d} ;

R^{4'} is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₃₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, (CH₂)_qC(O)R^{4b}, (CH₂)_qC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a'},

(CH₂)_qC(O)OR^{4a}, and a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4c};

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 R^{4a} and $R^{4a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

- R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, and phenyl;
- 30 R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{4} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{5} ,

 $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

- R^{4d} , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CHR')_qOH$, $(CHR')_qOR^{7a}$, $(CHR')_qOC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CHR')_qOC(O)NHR^{7a}$;
- R⁵ is selected from a (CR⁵'R⁵'')_t-C₃₋₁₀₃₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R¹⁶¹⁶ and a (CR⁵'R⁵'')t-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R¹⁶¹⁶;
 - $R^{5}{}^{\prime}$ and $R^{5}{}^{\prime}{}^{\prime}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, $C_{1-6} \text{ alkyl, } (CH_2)_r C_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;}$
- 20 $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}C(O)R^{7a}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}C(O)H$, $(CHR')_qC(O)OR^{7a}$, $(CHR')_qOC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CHR')_qS(O)_pR^{7b}$, $(CHR')_qS(O)_2NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}S(O)_2R^{7b}$, $(CHR')_qNHC(O)NR^{7a'}R^{7a}$, $(CHR')_qNHC(O)OR^{7a}$, $(CHR')_qOC(O)NHR^{7a}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CHR')_r-C_{3-10}$ 25 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} , and a
- (CHR')_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 \mathbb{R}^{7c} ;
- 30 R^{7a} and $R^{7a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e} ,

and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

- 5 R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;
- $R^{7c}, \text{ at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl,} \\ C_{2-8} \text{ alkenyl, } C_{2-8} \text{ alkynyl, } (CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl,} \\ Cl, Br, I, F, (CF_2)_rCF_3, NO_2, CN, (CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}, \\ (CH_2)_rOH, (CH_2)_rOC_{1-4} \text{ alkyl, } (CH_2)_rSC_{1-4} \text{ alkyl,} \\ (CH_2)_rC(0)OH, (CH_2)_rC(0)R^{7b}, (CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{7f}R^{7f}, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{7f}C(0)R^{7a}, (CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4} \text{ alkyl,} \\ (CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{7b}, (CH_2)_rC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}, \\ (CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{7b}, (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}, \\ (CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{7f}R^{7f}, (CH_2)_rNR^{7f}S(0)_2R^{7b}, \text{ and} \\ (CH_2)_rphenyl \text{ substituted with } 0-3 \ R^{7e}; \\ \end{cases}$
- R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} ;
 - R^{7e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, OH, $(CH_2)_qSH$, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

 R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

 R^8 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8a} ;

alternatively, R^7 and R^8 join to form C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, or =NR^{8b};

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 R^{8b} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, OH, CN, and $(CH_2)_r - phenyl;$

- R¹¹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)NR^{11a}R^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_2NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}S(0)_2R^{11b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$
- membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11c};

 R^{11a} and $R^{11a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

 R^{11b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

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- R^{11c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}C(0)R^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)C_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{11f}NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{11f})NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}S(0)_2R^{11b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
 - R^{11d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;

R^{11e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F_{1} , F_{2-8} alkynyl, F_{3-6} cycloalkyl, F_{3-6} cycloalkyl, F_{3-6} cycloalkyl, F_{3-6} alkyl, F_{3-6} alkyl,

 R^{11f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

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- R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$. 15 $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$. $(CHR')_rNR^{15}C(O)NR^{15}R^{15}a'$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15}d$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})_{NR}^{15a}R^{15a'}$. $(CHR')_rNHC (=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rS(0)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ 20 $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$. C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR') rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R15e, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 25 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};
- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{15e} :

 R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- 15 R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}R^{15f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- R^{15f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl,

 C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{1} , C_{1} ,

- 15 R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue

substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

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- R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}R^{16f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 15 R^{17} , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{17d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{17d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{17a}R^{17a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{17b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{17a}R^{17a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{17a}C(0)R^{17b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{17a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{17a}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)R^{17b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{17b}$,
- $(\text{CH}_2)_{\text{q}}\text{S}(0)_2\text{NR}^{17a}\text{R}^{17a}', \ (\text{CH}_2)_{\text{q}}\text{NR}^{17a}\text{S}(0)_2\text{R}^{17b}, \ \text{C}_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{17c} , and a $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{-5-10}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{17c} ;
- R^{17a} and $R^{17a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-8}$ algorithm of C_{3-8} algorithms and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system

containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{17e} ;

 R^{17b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{17e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{17e} ;

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- - R^{17d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{17e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{17c} ;

 R^{17f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

- R¹⁸, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CHR')_qOH$, $(CHR')_qSH$, $(CHR')_qOR^{18d}$, $(CHR')_qSR^{18d}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}R^{18a'}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)R^{18b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{18a}R^{18a'}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}C(O)R^{18a}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}C(O)R^{18a}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}C(O)R^{18b}$, $(CHR')_qS(O)_2R^{18b}$, $(CHR')_qS(O)_2R^{18b}$, $(CHR')_qS(O)_2R^{18a}R^{18a'}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}S(O)_2R^{18b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CHR')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{18c} , and a $(CHR')_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{18c} ;
 - R^{18a} and $R^{18a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{18e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{18e} ;

20

- R^{18b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{18e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{18e} ;
 - R^{18c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl,

C1, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{18b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{18f}C(O)R^{18a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{18b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(ENR^{18f})NR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{18b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(ENR^{18f})NR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{18f}S(O)_2R^{18b}$, and $(CH_2)_rDhenyl$ substituted with 0-3 R^{18e} ;

- 10 R^{18d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{18e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{18c} ;
- 15 R^{18e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{18f}R^{18f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

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 R^{18f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R¹⁹ is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $-C(0)R^{19b}$, $-C(0)NR^{19a}R^{19a}$, $-C(0)OR^{19a}$, and $-SO_2R^{19a}$, a $(CHR')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16} , and a $(CHR')_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16} ;

 R^{19a} is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, a $(CR^{5'5}R^{5''})_t-C_{3-10310}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{1516} and a $(CR^{5'5}R^{5''5})_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{1616} ;

- R^{19b} is selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, a $(CR^{5'}R^{5''})_t-C_{3-10310}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{1516} and a $(CR^{5'}R^{5''})_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{1616} ;
- 15 m, at each occurrence, is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;
 - n, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4,
 and 5;

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- o, at each occurrence, is selected from 1 and 2;
- p, at each occurrence, is selected from 1 and 2;
- 25 r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;
 - q, at each occurrence, is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;

- s, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;
- t, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;

u, at each occurrence, is independently selected from 0,
 1, and 2;

- v, at each occurrence, is selected from 0 and 1; and w, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.
- [2] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:
 - R⁴ is absent or, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide;
- 15 R^7 , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CHR')_qOH$, $(CHR')_qOR^{7d}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CHR')_qC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CHR')_qC(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}C(O)R^{7b}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}C(O)H$, $(CHR')_qS(O)_2NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}S(O)_2R^{7b}$,
- (CHR') $_{q}$ NHC(0)NHR^{7a}, (CHR') $_{q}$ NHC(0)OR^{7a}, (CHR') $_{q}$ OC(0)NHR^{7a}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, a (CHR') $_{r}$ -C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c}, and a (CHR') $_{r}$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{7c};
 - alternatively, R^7 and R^8 join to form C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, or =NR^{8b};
- 30 R¹¹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(O)NHR^{11a}$,

 $(CH_2)_qNHC(0)NHR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qNHC(0)OR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)NHR^{11a}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} .

[3] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

A is selected from

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$$(R^{18})_{u}$$
 $(CH_{2})_{t}$ $(CH_$

- 15 t is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
 - [4] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:
- 20 R^{17} is selected from H; and

R¹⁸ is selected from H.

[5] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

A is selected from

[6] In another, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I) wherein:

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G is selected from $-C(0)R^3$, $-C(0)NR^2R^3$, $-C(0)OR^3$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, and $-SO_2R^3$, $-C(=S)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$, and

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- [7]. In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:
- 15 G is selected from $-C(0)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, and $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$;
 - [8] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

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R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2, CN, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rOH, (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}, \\ (CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}, \\ (CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{16b},$

 C_{1-6} haloalkyl, and (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e};

- R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
 - R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, CF₃, and OCH₃;
- R^{16f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H; and r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
- 15 [9] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:
- R³ is selected from a (CR³'R³")_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R¹⁵ and a (CR³'CR³")_r-5-10

 20 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, subsituted with 0-2 R¹⁵;
 - R3' and R3", at each occurrence, are selected from H;

- R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, Cl, Br, F, CN, \\ (CHR')_r NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_r OH, (CHR')_r O(CHR')_r R^{15d}, \\ (CHR')_r C(O)(CHR')_r R^{15b}, (CHR')_r C(O) NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$
- 30 (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O) (CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O) NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rC(O) O (CHR')_rR^{15d}, (CHR')_rOC(O) (CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p (CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)₂NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)₂ (CHR')_rR^{15b},

 C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', $(CHR')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

 $\mbox{R}^{'},$ at each occurrence, is selected from H, and \mbox{C}_{1-6} alkyl;

- R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ; and
- R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , and C_{1} .
 - [10] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

G is selected from
$$\begin{array}{c} X^1 \\ X^2 \\ W \end{array} (R^{15})_w \\ - X^2 \\ W \end{array} , \text{ and }$$

[11] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

R1 is selected from H;

both X^1 and X^2 cannot be C; and

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 Z^2 is selected from $NR^{1'}$, O, and S.

[12] In a further embodiment, the present inveniton provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

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 $R^{16}, \ \, \text{at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, } \\ propyl, \ \, \text{iso-propyl, } C_{2-8} \ \, \text{alkenyl, } C_{2-8} \ \, \text{alkynyl, } \\ (CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \ \, \text{cycloalkyl, } Cl, \ \, \text{Br, I, F, NO}_2, \ \, \text{CN, } \\ (CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \ \, (CHR')_rOH, \ \, (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}, \\ (CHR')_rC(O) \ \, (CHR')_rR^{16b}, \ \, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O) \ \, (CHR')_rR^{16b}, \ \, (CHR')_rS(O)_p \ \, (CHR')_rR^{16b}, \\ (CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \ \, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2 \ \, (CHR')_rR^{16b}, \\ C_{1-6} \ \, \text{haloalkyl, and } \ \, (CHR')_r\text{phenyl substituted with } \\ 0-3 \ \, R^{16e}; \\$

25

 R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;

R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, CF₃, and OCH₃;

R^{16f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H; and 5
r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

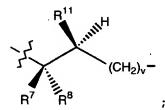
[13] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

- R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, F, CN,}$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \quad (CHR')_rOH, \quad (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d},$ $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, \quad (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$
- 15 $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d},$ $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl,
- (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a $(CH_2)_r 5 10 \text{ membered heterocyclic system containing } 1-4 \text{ heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, }$ substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};
- 25 R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-6} alkyl;
- R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ; and

 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, and OH.

[14] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:



A is selected from

v is selected from 0 and 1.

[15] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I) wherein:

G is selected from $-C(0)R^3$, $-C(0)NR^2R^3$, $-C(0)OR^3$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, and $-SO_2R^3$, $-C(=S)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$, and

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[16]. In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

- G is selected from $-C(0)NR^2R^3$, $^{23}C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, and $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$.
 - [17] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

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- 10 R^{16} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, and $(CHR')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- 20 R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, 25 ethyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, CF₃, and OCH₃;
 - R^{16f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H; and r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
 - [18] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

 ${
m R}^3$ is selected from a $({
m CR}^3{'}{
m R}^3{''})_{
m r}{
m -C}_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 ${
m R}^{15}$ and a $({
m CR}^3{'}{
m CR}^3{''})_{
m r}{
m -5}{
m -10}$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, subsituted with 0-2 ${
m R}^{15}$

 $R^{3'}$ and $R^{3''}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H;

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- R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, 10 $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, F, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, 15 $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR') phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a 20 (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with $0-2 R^{15e}$;
- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-6} alkyl;
 - R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ; and

 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, and OH.

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[19] In a further embodiment, the prsent invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

G is selected from $X^{1} \underbrace{W}_{X^{2}} \underbrace{W}_{W} (R^{15})_{w}$, and $Z^{1} \underbrace{W}_{Z^{2}} \underbrace{W}_{W} (R^{15})_{w}$

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[20] In a further embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

20 R^1 is H;

both X^1 and X^2 cannot be C; and

 ${\bf Z}^2$ is selected from ${\bf NR^{1}}'$, O, and S.

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[21] In a further embodiment, the present inveniton provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:

R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2, CN, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rOH, (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}, \\ (CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}, \\ (CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{16b}, \\ C_{1-6} \text{ haloalkyl}, \text{ and } (CHR')_r\text{phenyl} \text{ substituted with } \\ 0-3 \ R^{16e};$

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- R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
- 15 R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, CF₃, and OCH₃;
 - R^{16f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H; and
- 20 r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
 - [22] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein:
- 25 R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, F, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$,
- 30 (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a}', (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}, (CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)₂NR^{15a}R^{15a}', (CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)₂(CHR')_rR^{15b},

 C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', $(CHR')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

 $\mbox{R}^{'},$ at each occurrence, is selected from H, and \mbox{C}_{1-6} alkyl;

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- R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ; and
- R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , and C_{1} .
 - [23] In a further embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein the compound of formula I is selected from:

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N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea hydrochloride;

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N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
                                                                      fluorophenyl) methyl] -1-cyclohexyl] amino] - (1R) -1-
                                                                     cyclohexyl]urea hydrochloride;
        5
                                N-(3-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-
                                                                      fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-
                                                                     cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
 10
                               N-(3-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cya
                                                                     fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-
                                                                     cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
                                N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-ingle-ing
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                                                                     fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1-
                                                                     cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
                               N-(3-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(4
                                                                     fluorophenyl) methyl] -1-cyclohexyl] amino] - (1S) -1-
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                                                                     cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
                               N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
                                                                     fluorophenyl) methyl] -1-cyclohexyl] amino] - (1S) -1-
                                                                     cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
25
                               N-(3-\text{acetylphenyl})-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-
                                                                     fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1-
                                                                     cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
30
                               N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
                                                                    fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
                                                                   1-cyclohexyl]urea;
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N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
            fluorophenyl) methyl] - (1S) -1-cyclohexyl] amino] - (1R) -
            1-cyclohexyl]urea;
 5
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
           fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
10
           fluorophenyl) methyl] - (1S) - 1 - cyclohexyl] amino] - (1R) - 1
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
     N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)])]
           fluorophenyl) methyl] - (1R) - 1 - cyclohexyl] amino] - (1R) - 1
15
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
     N-(4-fluoropheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-fluoropheny1)])]
           fluorophenyl) methyl] - (1S) -1-cyclohexyl] amino] - (1R) -
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
20
     N-(4-fluoropheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluoropheny1)])]
           fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
25 N-(4-fluoropheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluoropheny1)])]
           fluorophenyl) methyl] - (1S) -1-cyclohexyl] amino] - (1R) -
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-((3S,4S)-4-\{[4-(4-4)]
30
           fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]amino}tetrahydro-3-
           furanyl)urea;
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2S)-1-[4-(4-
           fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea;
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N-(3-\text{acetylphenyl})-N'-(\{(2S)-1-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl)methyl)urea;
N-(3-\text{acetylphenyl})-N'-(\{(2R)-1-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)nexyl]pyrrolidinyl)methyl)urea;
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N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2R)-1-[4-(4fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea;

fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea;

10 N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(3R)-1-[4-(4fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}urea;

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- N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(3R)-1-[4-(4fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}urea;
- $N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-\{(3S)-1-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl\}urea; and$
- N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(3S)-1-[4-(420 fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}urea.
 - [24] In a third embodiment, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention.
- [25] In a fourth embodiment, the present invention provides a method for modulation of chemokine receptor activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of the compounds of the present invention.
- [26] In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing

inflammatory diseases, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of the compounds of the present invention.

[27] In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing asthma, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention.

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In another embodiment, G is selected from $-C(O)R^3$, $-C(O)NR^2R^3$, $-C(O)OR^3$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, $-SO_2R^3$, $-C(=S)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$,

$$C (=C(CN)_2) NR^2R^3$$
, and NR^2R^3

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In another embodiment, G is selected from - $C(O)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, and $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$.

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In another embodiment, G is selected from - $C(0)NR^2R^3$.

In another embodiment, G is selected from

$$X^{1} \underbrace{W}_{X^{2}} \underbrace{W}_{W} (R^{15})_{v}$$
 and
$$X^{2} \underbrace{W}_{W} (R^{15})_{v}$$

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In another embodiment, R^1 , $R^{1\prime}$, and R^2 are equal to H.

In another embodiment, R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2

 R^{15} and a $(CR^{3'}CR^{3''})_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, subtituted with 0-3 R^{15} .

In another embodiment, R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-C_{3-6} \text{ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2}$ $R^{15}.$

In another embodiment, R^3 is phenyl substitued with $10 \quad 0-2 \quad R^{15}$.

In another embodiment, R4 is absent.

In another embodiment, R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br,

- 15 F, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$,
- 20 (CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)₂(CHR')_rR^{15b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e}.

The invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential attributes thereof. This invention also encompasses all combinations of preferred aspects of the invention noted herein. It is understood that any and all embodiments of the present invention may be taken in conjunction with any other embodiment to describe additional

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embodiments of the present invention. Furthermore, any elements of an embodiment are meant to be combined with any and all other elements from any of the embodiments to describe additional embodiments.

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DEFINITIONS

The compounds herein described may have asymmetric centers. Compounds of the present invention containing an asymmetrically substituted atom may be isolated in . 10 optically active or racemic forms. It is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, such as by resolution of racemic forms or by synthesis from optically active starting materials. Many geometric isomers of olefins, C=N double bonds, and the like can also be present in the compounds described herein, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present invention. Cis and trans geometric isomers of the compounds of the present invention are described and may be isolated as a mixture of isomers or as separated isomeric forms. All chiral, diastereomeric, racemic forms and all geometric isomeric forms of a structure are intended, unless the specific stereochemistry or isomeric form is specifically indicated.

25 The term "substituted," as used herein, means that any one or more hydrogens on the designated atom is replaced with a selection from the indicated group, provided that the designated atom's normal valency is not exceeded, and that the substitution results in a stable compound. When a substituent is keto (i.e., =0), 30 then 2 hydrogens on the atom are replaced.

The present invention is intended to include all isotopes of atoms occurring in the present compounds. Isotopes include those atoms having the same atomic number but different mass numbers. By way of general

example and without limitation, isotopes of hydrogen include tritium and deuterium. Isotopes of carbon include C-13 and C-14.

When any variable (e.g., Ra) occurs more than one time in any constituent or formula for a compound, its definition at each occurrence is independent of its definition at every other occurrence. Thus, for example, if a group is shown to be substituted with 0-2 Ra, then said group may optionally be substituted with up to two Ra groups and Ra at each occurrence is selected independently from the definition of Ra. Also, combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

When a bond to a substituent is shown to cross a bond connecting two atoms in a ring, then such substituent may be bonded to any atom on the ring. When a substituent is listed without indicating the atom via which such substituent is bonded to the rest of the compound of a given formula, then such substituent may be bonded via any atom in such substituent. Combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

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As used herein, "C₁₋₈ alkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms, examples of which include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl, i-butyl, sec-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, and hexyl. C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, is intended to include C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄, C₅, C₆, C₇, C₈, C₉, and C₁₀ alkyl groups. "Alkenyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either a straight or branched configuration and one or more unsaturated carbon-carbon

bonds which may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethenyl, propenyl, and the like. C_{2-10} alkenyl, is intended to include C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C_8 , C_9 , and C_{10} alkenyl groups. "Alkoxy" represents an alkyl group as defined above with the indicated number of carbon atoms attached through an oxygen bridge. C_{1-} $_{10}$ alkoxy, is intended to include C_1 , C_2 , C_3 , C_4 , C_5 , C_6 , C_7 , C_8 , C_9 , and C_{10} alkoxy groups. Examples of alkoxy include, but are not limited to, methoxy, ethoxy, 10 n-propoxy, i-propoxy, n-butoxy, s-butoxy, t-butoxy, n-pentoxy, and s-pentoxy. "Alkynyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either a straight or branched configuration and one or more unsaturated triple carbon-carbon bonds which may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethynyl, propynyl, and 15 the like. C_{2-10} alkynyl, is intended to include C_2 , C_3 , C_4 , C_5 , C_6 , C_7 , C_8 , C_9 , and C_{10} alkynyl groups. cycloalkyl" is intended to include saturated ring groups having the specified number of carbon atoms in the ring, including mono-, bi-, or poly-cyclic ring systems, such 20 as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, and cycloheptyl in the case of C_7 cycloalkyl. C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, is intended to include C3, C4, C5, C6, and C₇ cycloalkyl groups.

"Halo" or "halogen" as used herein refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo, and iodo; and "haloalkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups, for example CF_3 , having the specified number of carbon atoms, substituted with 1 or more halogen (for example $-C_vF_w$ where v=1 to 3 and w=1 to (2v+1)).

As used herein, the term "5-6-membered cyclic ketal" is intended to mean 2,2-disubstituted 1,3-

dioxolane or 2,2-disubstituted 1,3-dioxane and their derivatives.

As used herein, "carbocycle" or "carbocyclic residue" is intended to mean any stable 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, or 13-membered bicyclic or tricyclic, any of which may be saturated, partially unsaturated, or aromatic. Examples of such carbocycles include, but are not limited to, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, adamantyl, cyclooctyl,; [3.3.0]bicyclooctane, [4.3.0]bicyclononane, [4.4.0]bicyclodecane (decalin), [2.2.2]bicyclooctane, fluorenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, indanyl, adamantyl, or tetrahydronaphthyl (tetralin).

15 As used herein, the term "heterocycle" or "heterocyclic system" is intended to mean a stable 4, 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, or 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic ring which is saturated, partially unsaturated, or unsaturated 20 (aromatic), and which consists of carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of N, O and S and including any bicyclic group in which any of the above-defined heterocyclic rings is fused to a benzene ring. The 25 nitrogen and sulfur heteroatoms may optionally be oxidized. The heterocyclic ring may be attached to its pendant group at any heteroatom or carbon atom which results in a stable structure. The heterocyclic rings described herein may be substituted on carbon or on a 30 nitrogen atom if the resulting compound is stable. specifically noted, a nitrogen in the heterocycle may optionally be quaternized. It is preferred that when the total number of S and O atoms in the heterocycle exceeds 1, then these heteroatoms are not adjacent to 35 one another. As used herein, the term "aromatic

heterocyclic system" is intended to mean a stable 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, or 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic aromatic ring which consists of carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of N, O and S.

Examples of heterocycles include, but are not limited to, 1H-indazole, 2-pyrrolidonyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2dithiazinyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, 3H-indolyl, 4-piperidonyl, 10 4aH-carbazole, 4H-quinolizinyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, acridinyl, azocinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazalonyl, 15 carbazolyl, 4aH-carbazolyl, β-carbolinyl, chromanyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl, decahydroquinolinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2dithiazinyl, dihydrofuro[2,3-b]tetrahydrofuran, furanyl, furazanyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolyl, 1Hindazolyl, indolenyl, indolinyl, indolizinyl, indolyl, 20 isobenzofuranyl, isochromanyl, isoindazolyl, isoindolinyl, isoindolyl, isoquinolinyl (benzimidazolyl), isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, naphthyridinyl, octahydroisoquinolinyl, oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl,

- 25 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolyl, oxazolidinylperimidinyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenarsazinyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxathiinyl, phenoxazinyl, phthalazinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, piperidonyl,
- 4-piperidonyl, piperonyl, pteridinyl, piperidonyl, 4-piperidonyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyranyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridooxazole, pyridoimidazole, pyridothiazole, pyridinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl,
- 35 pyrrolinyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, 4H-

quinolizinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinuclidinyl, carbolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroisoguinolinyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, 1,2,3thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, thianthrenyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, thienothiazolyl, thienooxazolyl, thienoimidazolyl, thiophenyl, triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, and xanthenyl. Preferred heterocycles include, but are not 10 limited to, pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiaphenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, isoidolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-15 triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl. Also included are fused ring and spiro compounds containing, for example, the above heterocycles.

The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable" is
employed herein to refer to those compounds, materials,
compositions, and/or dosage forms which are, within the
scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for use in
contact with the tissues of human beings and animals
without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic
response, or other problem or complication, commensurate
with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio.

As used herein, "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refer to derivatives of the disclosed compounds wherein the parent compound is modified by making acid or base salts thereof. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or organic salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic acids; and the like. The pharmaceutically acceptable salts include the conventional non-toxic

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salts or the quaternary ammonium salts of the parent compound formed, for example, from non-toxic inorganic or organic acids. For example, such conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric and the like; and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, pamoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic, phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfanilic, 2-acetoxybenzoic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethane disulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, and the like.

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The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the 15 present invention can be synthesized from the parent compound which contains a basic or acidic moiety by conventional chemical methods. Generally, such salts can be prepared by reacting the free acid or base forms of these compounds with a stoichiometric amount of the appropriate base or acid in water or in an organic 20 solvent, or in a mixture of the two; generally, nonaqueous media like ether, ethyl acetate, ethanol, isopropanol, or acetonitrile are preferred. Lists of suitable salts are found in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 17th ed., Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA, 25 1985, p. 1418, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Since prodrugs are known to enhance numerous desirable qualities of pharmaceuticals (e.g., solubility, bioavailability, manufacturing, etc...) the compounds of the present invention may be delivered in prodrug form. Thus, the present invention is intended to cover prodrugs of the presently claimed compounds, methods of delivering the same and compositions containing the same. "Prodrugs" are intended to include

any covalently bonded carriers which release an active parent drug of the present invention in vivo when such prodrug is administered to a mammalian subject. Prodrugs the present invention are prepared by modifying functional groups present in the compound in such a way that the modifications are cleaved, either in routine manipulation or in vivo, to the parent compound. Prodrugs include compounds of the present invention wherein a hydroxy, amino, or sulfhydryl group is bonded to any group that, when the prodrug of the present invention is administered to a mammalian subject, it cleaves to form a free hydroxyl, free amino, or free sulfhydryl group, respectively. Examples of prodrugs include, but are not limited to, acetate, formate and benzoate derivatives of alcohol and amine functional groups in the compounds of the present invention.

"Stable compound" and "stable structure" are meant to indicate a compound that is sufficiently robust to survive isolation to a useful degree of purity from a reaction mixture, and formulation into an efficacious therapeutic agent. Only stable compounds are contemplated by the present invention.

The term "therapeutically effective amount" of a compound of this invention means an amount alone or in combination with other active ingredients or an amount the combination of compounds claimed effective to modulate chemokine receptor activity or treat the symptoms of asthma or an allergic disorder in a host.

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SYNTHESIS

The compounds of the present invention can be prepared in a number of ways well known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis. The compounds of the

present invention can be synthesized using the methods described below, together with synthetic methods known in the art of synthetic organic chemistry, or variations thereon as appreciated by those skilled in the art.

Preferred methods include, but are not limited to, those described below. All references cited herein are incorporated in their entirety by reference.

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The novel compounds of Formula I may be prepared using the reactions and techniques described in this section. The reactions are performed in solvents appropriate to the reagents and materials employed and are suitable for the transformations being effected. Also, in the description of the synthetic methods described below, it is to be understood that all proposed reaction conditions, including solvent, reaction atmosphere, reaction temperature, duration of the experiment and workup procedures, are chosen to be the conditions standard for that reaction, which should be readily recognized by one skilled in the art. One skilled in the art of organic synthesis understands that the functionality present on various portions of the edict molecule must be compatible with the reagents and reactions proposed. Not all compounds of Formula I falling into a given class may be compatible with some of the reaction conditions required in some of the methods described. Such restrictions to the substituents that are compatible with the reaction conditions will be readily apparent to one skilled in the art and alternate methods must be used. It will also be recognized that another major consideration in the planning of any synthetic route in this field is the judicious choice of the protecting group used for the protection of the reactive functional groups present in the compounds described in this invention. An authoritative account describing the many alternatives to the trained

practitioner is Greene and Wuts (*Protective Groups in Organic Chemistry*, Wiley and Sons, 1991).

5 SCHEME 1

Compounds of Formula I may be prepared as shown in 10 Scheme 1. Compounds in which D is a bond, O or NR1 may be synthesized by reacting Formula II with Formula III, wherein Z is a good leaving such as but not limited to Cl, Br, or imidazole, in the presence of a base such as, 15 but not limited to, triethylamine or pyridine. Alternatively, Formula II may be reacted with an isocyanate of Formula V to provide compounds of Formula I where G is CONHR³. Alternatively, Formula II may be reacted with Formula IV, wherein Z is a good leaving group such as but not limited to Cl, Br, or imidazole, 20 in the presence of a base such as, but not limited to, triethylamine or pyridine to provide compounds of Formula I where G is SO₂R³. Alternatively, Formula II may be reacted with Formulas VI, VII, or VIII wherein Z

is a good leaving group such as but not limited to ethoxide, phenoxide, or methylsulfide to provide compounds of Formula I according to procedures described in Hoffman, et.al. <u>J. Med. Chem.</u> 1983, <u>26</u>, 140 and references therein.

Scheme 2

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Alternatively, compounds of Formula I can be synthesized by coupling compounds of Formula II with halogenated heterocycles of Formula IX as described in Scheme 2. It is understood that the chemistry is shown for only one heterocycle and that similar transformations may be preformed on other halogenated heterocycles. This procedure essentially follows the general procedures of Hong, Y. et. al., Tet. Lett. 1997, 38, 5607 and references therein, with minor modification depending on the Formula IX which should be readily recognized by one skilled in the art. The reaction can be preformed in an inert solvent such as, but not limited to, toluene at room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent with a Pd-catalyst such as Pd2(dba)3 and a base such as sodium t-butoxide. The halogenated heterocycles that are not commercial available can be synthesized by methods known in the art and are exemplified by, but not limited to, Zou. R., J. Med Chem. 1997, 40, 802.

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SCHEME 3

Compounds of Formula II, where R¹ is not hydrogen, may be prepared by procedures depicted in Scheme 3.

Reductive alkylation of Formula X with an aldehyde or ketone is carried out under conditions known in the art, for example, catalytic hydrogenation with hydrogen in the presence of palladium or platinum or with reducing agents such as sodium triacetoxyborohydride.

Alternatively, a similar transformation can be accomplished with an alkylating agent R¹Z where Z is a halide (halide = Cl, Br, I), mesylate, tosylate, triflate, etc. in the presence of a base such as triethylamine, pyridine, etc. in acetonitrile, DMF,
DMSO, etc. at room temperature to reflux temperature of the solvent.

Scheme 4

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Compounds of Formula X, where R⁴ is not hydrogen, may be prepared by procedures depicted in Scheme 4.

Reductive alkylation of Formula XI with an aldehyde or ketone is carried out under conditions known in the art, for example, catalytic hydrogenation with hydrogen in the presence of palladium or platinum or with reducing

agents such as sodium triacetoxyborohydride.

Alternatively, a similar transformation can be accomplished with an alkylating agent R⁴Z where Z is a halide (halide = Cl, Br, I), mesylate, tosylate, triflate, etc. in the presence of a base such as triethylamine, pyridine, etc. in acetonitrile, DMF, DMSO, etc. at room temperature to reflux temperature of the solvent. The protecting group (P) can then be removed using the appropriate reagents, well familiar to one skilled in the art, and typical examples may be found in Greene, T and Wuts, P. G. M., Protecting Groups in Organic Synthesis, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, NY, 1991 and references therein, to provide intermediates of Formula X.

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Scheme 5

Compounds of Formula X, where R⁴ is hydrogen, or Formula XI may be prepared by procedures depicted in Scheme 5. Reductive alkylation of Formula XIII with a cyclic ketone of Formula XII can be carried out under conditions known in the art, for example, catalytic hydrogenation with hydrogen in the presence of palladium or platinum or with reducing agents such as sodium

triacetoxyborohydride. Compounds of Formula XIII that are not commercially available can be synthesized by methods known in the art and are exemplified by, but not limited to, Guan et. al., Synlett 1999, 426, Skarzewski and Gupta Tetrahedron: Asymmetry, 1997, 8, 1861, Bitha, and Lin, J. Heterocycl. Chem. 1988, 25, 1035, Ohba et.al., Agric. Biol. Chem. 1974, 38, 2431, and Toftlund, and Pedersen, Acta Chem. Scand., 1972, 26, 4019.

10 Scheme 6

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Compounds of Formula XII may be prepared by procedures depicted in Scheme 6. This procedure essentially follows the general protocols of Mitra and Joshi, Synth. Commun., (1988), 18, 2259 and references therein, with minor modification depending on R⁵ which should be readily recognized by one skilled in the art. The cycloalkenones can be treated with grinard reagents in the presence of copper chloride to incorporate R⁵ to produce compounds of Formula XII. Alternatively, monoprotected cyclic diketones can be treated under wittig reaction conditions, well known to one skilled in the art, and then hydrogenated and deprotected to produce compounds of Formula XII. Other methods for

producing compounds of Formula XII can be found in the reference Lednicer et.al., <u>J. Med. Chem.</u> 1972, 15, 1239.

The compounds of this invention and their preparation can be understood further by the following working examples, which do not constitute a limitation of the invention.

Examples

10 Example 1

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea hydrochloride.

Part A. Preparation of 8-[(4-fluorophenyl)methylene]-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane.

To a stirring solution of 4-fluorophenylmethyl triphenylphosphonium chloride (39 g, 96 mmol, Lancaster) 20 in 500 mL of dry THF at -78.C was added 1 M potassium tbutoxide in THF (106 mL, 106 mmol, Aldrich). The reaction was stirred for 30 min and then warmed to 0.C. The reaction was stirred for 30 min and then 1,4cyclohexanedione mono-ethylene ketal (15.0 g, 96 mmol, Aldrich) was added. After 30 min, the reaction was warmed to room temperature and allowed to stir overnight. The reaction was heated to reflux for 4 h and then cooled to room temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride (500 mL) and ethyl acetate (500 mL). The organic layer was separated, 30 washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and conc in vacuo to a white solid. The solid was purified by flash chromatography (SiO2, 19:1 hexanes:ethyl acetate) to yield 18.9 g of a colorless oil. MS (ESI) 251 (M+H).

Part B: Preparation of 8-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane.

- To a stirring degassed solution of 8-[(4-fluorophenyl)methylene]-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane (18.9 g, 76 mmol) and 10% palladium on carbon (3.8 g, Aldrich) in 500 mL of ethyl acetate was added 40 psi of hydrogen gas. The reaction was stirred for 2.5 h and then filtered through a pad of silica gel. The silica gel was washed with ethyl acetate (300 mL). The organic layers were combined and conc in vacuo to a colorless oil yielding 18.0 g. MS (ESI) 253 (M+H).
- Part C. Preparation of 4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-cyclohexanone.

To a stirring solution of 8-[(4fluorophenyl)methyl]-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane (18 g, 72 mmol) in 100 mL of THF was added 1 M hydrogen chloride 20 in water (70 mL) followed by conc hydrogen chloride (50 mL). The reaction was heated to reflux for 5 h and then cooled to room temperature. The reaction was conc in vacuo to 120 mL and then extracted with ethyl acetate (3 25 X 100 mL). The organic layers were combined, washed with sat sodium bicarbonate, brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and conc in vacuo to a colorless oil. The oil was purified by flash chromatography (SiO2, 10:1 hexanes:ethyl acetate) to yield 9.6 g of a colorless 30 oil. MS (ESI) 207 (M+H).

Part D. Preparation (2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-amino-cyclohexane ditrifluoroacetate and <math>(2R)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexane]

fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-amino-cyclohexane ditrifluoroacetate.

To a stirring solution of 4-[(4-5 fluorophenyl)methyl]-cyclohexanone (110 mg, 0.53 mmol) and (1R,2R)-1,2-diaminocyclohexane (76 mg, 0.66 mmol, Aldrich) in 10 mL of methylene chloride was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (212 mg, 1 mmol, Aldrich). The reaction was stirred for 16 h and then quenched by the 10 addition of 2N sodium hydroxide (5 mL). The reaction was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 10 mL). The organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, and conc in vacuo to a yellow oil. The oil was purified by HPLC (C18, 90% water with 0.1% TFA/10% acetonitrile to 15 10% water with 0.1% TFA/90% acetonitrile) to yield 210 g of a white solid. MS (ESI) 305 (M-2TFA).

Part E. Preparation N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea hydrochloride.

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To a stirring solution of (2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-aminocyclohexane ditrifluoroacetate and (2R)-2-[[trans-4-[(4fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-amino-25 cyclohexane ditrifluoroacetate (80 mg, 0.15 mmol) and triethylamine (61 mg, 0.6 mmol, Aldrich) in 3 mL of dry THF was added 3-acetylphenyl isocyanate (24 mg, 0.15 mmol, Aldrich). The reaction was stirred for 30 min and then quenched by the addition of methanol (1 mL). The 30 reaction was conc in vacuo to a yellow oil. The oil was purified radial chromatography (SiO2, ethyl acetate with 3% triethylamine) to yield a colorless oil. The oil was dissolved in ethyl ether and treated with 1 equivalent of 1M hydrochloric acid in ethyl ether. The solution was

conc in vacuo to a white solid. The solid was dissolved in 1:1 acetonitrile and water and then lyophilized to yield 33 mg of a white solid. MS (ESI) 466 (M-Cl).

5 Example 2

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Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea hydrochloride.

The compound was isolated from the purification step of Example 1, Part E and converted to the HCl salt according to procedures in Step E. MS (ESI) 466 (M-Cl).

Example 3

Preparation of N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[trans-4[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate and N-(3-cyanophenyl)N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea

trifluoroacetate.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 1 with modification at Step E. The compound was purified by HPLC (C18, 90% water with 0.1% TFA/10% acetonitrile to 10% water with 0.1% TFA/90% acetonitrile) to yield a white solid. MS (ESI) 449 (M-TFA).

Example 4

Preparation of N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-[(2s)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1s)-1-cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate and N-(3-cyanophenyl)-

N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1-cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 3 with modification at Step E. MS (ESI) 449 (M-TFA).

Example 5

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[trans-4[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate and N-(3-acetylphenyl)N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1-cyclohexyl]urea
trifluoroacetate.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 3 with modification at Step E. MS (ESI) 449 (M-TFA).

20

Example 6

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea.

25

30

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 1 with modification at Step A in which 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-methylcyclohexanone, prepared according to procedures published by Mitra and Joshi, Synth. Comm. 1988, 18, 2559 and separated into the S and R enantiomers by HPLC (Chiralpak AD, ethanol), was substituted for 4-(4-fluorophenyl)methylcyclohexanone

and the products were not converted to the hydrochloride salts. The. MS (ESI) 466 (M+H).

Example 7

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1S)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in 10 Example 6. MS (ESI) 466 (M+H).

Example 8

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 6. MS (ESI) 466 (M+H).

20 Example 9

15

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1S)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 6. MS (ESI) 466 (M+H).

Example 10

Preparation of N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-30](4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 6. MS (ESI) 442 (M+H).

Example 11

Preparation of N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1S)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in 10 Example 6. MS (ESI) 442 (M+H).

Example 12

Preparation of N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 6. MS (ESI) 442 (M+H).

20 Example 13

15

Preparation of N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1S)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 6. MS (ESI) 442 (M+H).

Example 14

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-((3s,4s)-4-{[4-(4-30 fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]amino}tetrahydro-3-furanyl)urea hydrochloride.

Part A. Preparation of (3S,4S)-3-aminotetrahydrofuran-4-yl carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

A flame-dried round bottom flask under nitrogen was charged with dry tetrahydrofuran (17 mL) and ((3S, 4S)tetrahydro-3,4-furandiamine (170 mg, 1.70 mmol) prepared according to the procedures of Skarzewski, J., et al. Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1997, 8 (11), 1861. The solution was cooled to -78°C, and 2.5 M n-butyl lithium in hexanes (700 μ L, 1.75 mmol) was added. The resulting 10 cloudy white suspension was warmed to 23°C, and the suspension became orange. After 10 min, tert-butyl dicarbonate (371 mg, 1.70 mmol) was added in one portion. An additional 100 mg-portion of tert-butyl 15 dicarbonate was added after 10 min. The reaction was then poured into saturated aqueous sodium chloride (50 mL), and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate $(4 \times 20 \text{ mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, concentrated, and the resulting 20 residue was purified by flash chromatography (5-10% methanol in dichloromethane) to yield the desired amine (90 mg, 26%) as a yellow oil. MS (ESI) 203 (M+H).

Part B. Preparation of tert-butyl (3S,4S)-4-{[4-(4-25 fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]amino}tetrahydro-3-furanylcarbamate.

To a flame-dried round bottom flask under nitrogen containing (3S,4S)-3-aminotetrahydrofuran-4-yl carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (90 mg, 0.45 mmol) and 4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexanone (87 mg, 0.42 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6 mL) was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (191 mg, 0.90 mmol). The resulting yellow mixture was stirred for 15 min and was

then poured into 1N aqueous hydrogen chloride (50 mL). The aqueous layer was basified with 50% aqueous sodium hydroxide and washed with ethyl acetate (4×20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, concentrated, and the resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography (5% methanol in dichloromethane) to yield the desired carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (94 mg, 53%) as a yellow oil. MS (ESI) 393 (M+H).

10

Part C. Preparation of $(3S, 4S)-N^3-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)]$ tetrahydro-3,4-furandiamine dihydrochloride.

15 To tert-butyl (3S,4S)-4-{[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]amino}tetrahydro-3-furanylcarbamate (94 mg, 0.24 mmol) was added 4 M hydrogen chloride in dioxane (5 mL). Methanol (0.5 mL) was added to dissolve the resulting precipitate. The resulting solution was concentrated after monitoring by electrospray mass spectrometry showed the reaction to be complete. Concentration afforded the desired dihydrochloride (88 mg, 100%) as a white solid. MS (ESI) 293 (M-HCl₂).

25

Part D. Preparation of $N-(3-\text{acetylphenyl})-N'-((3S,4S)-4-\{[4-(4-\text{fluorobenzyl})\text{cyclohexyl}]\text{amino}\}$ tetrahydro-3-furanyl)urea.

30

To a stirring solution of $(3S,4S)-N^3-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)]$ cyclohexyl]tetrahydro-3,4-furandiamine dihydrochloride (20 mg, 0.055 mmol) and triethylamine (100 μ L, 0.72 mmol) in dichloromethane (1 mL) was added

3-acetylphenyl isocyanate (7.1 mg, 0.050 mmol). The resulting solution was immediately concentrated, and the resulting residue was purified by flash column chromatography (100% ethyl acetate then 5% triethylamine in ethyl acetate then 10% methanol in ethylacetate containing 5% triethylamine) to yield the desired urea (15 mg, 60%) as an oily white solid. MS (ESI) 454 (M+H).

Part E. Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-((3S,4S)-4-10 {[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]amino}tetrahydro-3-furanyl)urea hydrochloride.

To a stirring solution of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-((3S,4S)-4-{[4-(4-

- fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]amino}tetrahydro-3-furanyl)urea (14 mg, 0.030 mmol) in dichloromethane (1 mL) was added 1.0 M hydrogen chloride in ether (300 µL, 0.030 mmol). After 5 min, the resulting solution was concentrated and the residue lyopholized to afford the desired
- 20 hydrochloride (15 mg, 100%) as a white solid. MS (ESI) 454 (M-Cl).

Example 15

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2S)-1-[cis-4-(4-25) fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea.

Part A. Preparation of $\{(2S)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]$ pyrrolidinyl}methanol and $\{(2S)-1-[trans-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]$

30 fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methanol.

To a stirring solution of 4-fluorophenylmethyl-cyclohexanone (300 mg, 1.45 mmol, 1 eq.) and (S)-2-pyrrolidinemethanol (0.14 ml, 1.45 mmol, Aldrich) in 2

ml of 1,2-dichloroethane at 25°C was added sodium triacetoxy-borohydride (462 mg, 2.18 mmol, Aldrich). The reaction was stirred for 5 hours then worked up by adding 10 ml of 1N NaOH then extracting 3 times with chloroform. The organic was combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated in *vacuo* to obtain 400 mg of an oil as mixture of diastereomeric products. MS (ESI) detects 292 (M+H).

10 Part B. Preparation of (2S)-2-(chloromethyl)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine

To a stirring solution of $\{(2S)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl\}methanol and <math>\{(2S)-1-[trans-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl\}methanol and <math>\{(2S)-1-[trans-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl\}methanol and <math>\{(2S)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl\}methanol and and a substantial an$

fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methanol (390 mg, 1.34 mmol) in 5 ml of methylene chloride at 25° C under N_2 was added pyridine (0.22 ml, 2.75 mmol, EM Science) followed by p-toluenesulfonyl chloride (288 mg, 1.51

Aldrich). Worked up after 16 hours by adding ethyl acetate then rinsing 3 times with sat'd sodium bicarbonate followed by 1 time time with brine. The organic was dried over magnesium sulfate, and

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mmol,

- concentrated in *vacuo* to obtain an oil which was purified over silica gel in 100% ethyl acetate to yield 87 mg of product. MS (ESI) detects 310 (M+H). The other isomer was isolated and used for example 16.
- Part C. Preparation of (2S)-2-(azidomethyl)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine

To a stirring solution of (2S)-2-(chloromethyl)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine in 2 ml of DMSO (Aldrich) at 25°C under N_2 was added sodium azide (28

mg, 2.90 mmol, Aldrich). The reaction was heated at 50°C for 16 hours. Worked up by adding ethyl acetate then rinsing 5 times with H2O. The organic was dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated in *vacuo* to obtain 45 mg of an amber oil as product. MS (ESI) detects 317 (M+H).

Part D. Preparation of $\{(2S)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]$ pyrrolidinyl}methanamine

10

- (2S)-2-(azidomethyl)-1-[cis-4-(4fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine (45 mg), 10% Pd/C
 (10 mg, Aldrich) and 5 ml of methanol were hydrogenated
 for 16 hours at 50 PSI. The reaction was filtered

 through fiberglass filter paper under nitrogen. The
 filtrate was stripped to yield 58 mg of an amber oil as
 product. MS (ESI) detects 291 (M+H).
- Part E. Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2S)-1-20 [cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea.

To a stirring solution of {(2S)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methanamine (58 mg, 2 mmol) in 2 ml of THF at 25°C under N₂ was added 3 acetylphenyl isocyanate (32 mg, 2 mmol Aldrich). Worked up after 4 hours by stripping off the THF then purifying over silica gel in 100 % ethyl acetate followed by 4:1 chloroform/methanol. Obtained 11 mg of a white foam as product. MS (ESI) detects 452 (M+H).

Example 16

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-(((2S)-1-[trans-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl)methyl)urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 15. MS (ESI) detects 452 (M+H).

5

Example 17

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2R)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 15 except starting with (R)-2-pyrrolidinemethanol. MS (ESI) detects 452 (M+H).

Example 18

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2R)-1-[trans-4-15 (4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 15 except starting with (R)-2-pyrrolidinemethanol. MS (ESI) detects 452 (M+H).

20

Example 19

Preparation of $N-(3-\text{acetylphenyl})-N'-\{(3R)-1-[cis-4-(4-\text{fluorobenzyl})\text{cyclohexyl}]$ pyrrolidinyl}urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 14 steps b-d except starting with (3R)-(+)-3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)pyrrolidine. MS (ESI) detects 438 (M+H).

30

Example 20

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(3R)-1-[trans-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 14 steps b-d except starting with (3R)-(+)-3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)pyrrolidine. MS (ESI) detects 438 (M+H).

Example 21

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(3S)-1-[cis-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}urea.

10

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 14 steps b-d except starting with (3S)-(+)-3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)pyrrolidine. MS (ESI) detects 438 (M+H).

15

Example 22

Preparation of N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-((3S)-1-[trans-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl)urea.

Prepared according to procedures described in Example 14 steps b-d except starting with (3S)-(+)-3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)pyrrolidine. MS (ESI) detects 438 (M+H).

25

The following table contains representative examples of the present invention. Each entry in the table is intended to be paired with each formulae at the start of the table. For example, entry 1 in Table 1 is intended to be paired with a-r.

Table 1.

5

ENTRY	R ⁵	R ³
1	4-F-Ph	Ph

2	4-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph
3	4-F-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
4		
	4-F-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
5	4-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
6	4-F-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
7	4-F-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
8	4-F-Ph	3-CONHMe-Ph
9	4-F-Ph	3-F-Ph
10	4-F-Ph	3-C1-Ph
11	4-F-Ph	3-Br-Ph
12	4-F-Ph	3-NO2-Ph
13	4-F-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
14	4-F-Ph	3-NHMe-Ph
15	4-F-Ph	3-NMe2-Ph
16	4-F-Ph	3-NHCOCH3-Ph
. 17	4-F-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
18	4-F-Ph	3-SO2NHMe-Ph
19	4-F-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
20	4-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
21	4-F-Ph	3-OPh-Ph
22	4-F-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
23	4-F-Ph	3-SCH3-Ph
24	4-F-Ph	3-SOCH3-Ph
25	4-F-Ph	3-S02CH3-Ph
26	4-F-Ph	3-OH-Ph
27	4-F-Ph	3-CH2OH-Ph
28	4-F-Ph	3-CHOHCH3-Ph
29	4-F-Ph	3-COH(CH3)2-Ph
30	4-F-Ph	3-CHOHPh-Ph
31	4-F-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
32	4-F-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
33	4-F-Ph	3-iPr-Ph
34.	4-F-Ph	3-tBu-Ph

35	4-F-Ph	3-Ph-Ph
36	4-F-Ph	3-CH2Ph-Ph
37	4-F-Ph	3-CH2CO2Me-Ph
38	4-F-Ph	3-(1-piperidinyl)-
		Ph
39	4-F-Ph	3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
		Ph
40	4-F-Ph	3-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
41	4-F-Ph	3-(1-imidazoly1)-Ph
42	4-F-Ph	3-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
43	4-F-Ph	3-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
44	4-F-Ph	3-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
45	4-F-Ph	3-(1-tetrazoly1)-Ph
46	4-F-Ph	3-(5-tetrazoly1)-Ph
47	4-F-Ph	3-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
48	4-F-Ph	3-(2-thienyl)-Ph
49	4-F-Ph	3-(2-furanyl)-Ph
50	4-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph
51	4-F-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
52	4-F-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
53	4-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
54	4-F-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
55	4-F-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
56	4-F-Ph	4-CONHMe-Ph
57	4-F-Ph	4-CONHPh-Ph
58	4-F-Ph	4-NHCONH2-Ph
59	4-F-Ph	4-F-Ph
60	4-F-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
61	4-F-Ph	4-Br-Ph
62	4-F-Ph	4-NO2-Ph
63	4-F-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
64	4-F-Ph	4-NHMe-Ph
- 65	4-F-Ph	4-NMe2-Ph

66	4-F-Ph	4-NHCOCH3-Ph
67	4-F-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
68	4-F-Ph	4-SO2NHMe-Ph
69	4-F-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
70	4-F-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
71	4-F-Ph	4-OPh-Ph
72	4-F-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
73	4-F-Ph	4-SCH3-Ph
74	4-F-Ph	4-SOCH3-Ph
75	4-F-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
76	4-F-Ph	4-OH-Ph
77	4-F-Ph	4-CH2OH-Ph
78	4-F-Ph	4-CHOHCH3-Ph
79	4-F-Ph	4-COH(CH3)2-Ph
80	4-F-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
81	4-F-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
82	4-F-Ph	4-iPr-Ph
83	4-F-Ph	4-tBu-Ph
84	4-F-Ph	4-Ph-Ph
85	4-F-Ph	4-CH2Ph-Ph
86	4-F-Ph	4-CH2CO2Me-Ph
87	4-F-Ph	4-(1-piperidinyl)-
		Ph
88	4-F-Ph	4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
		Ph
89	4-F-Ph	4-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
90	4-F-Ph	4-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
91	4-F-Ph	4-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
92	4-F-Ph	4-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
93	4-F-Ph	4-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
94	4-F-Ph	4-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
95	4-F-Ph	4-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
96	4-F-Ph	4-(2-pyridyl)-Ph

97	4-F-Ph	4-(2-thienyl)-Ph
98	4-F-Ph	4-(2-furanyl)-Ph
99	4-F-Ph	2-CN-Ph
100	4-F-Ph	2-COCH3-Ph
101	4-F-Ph	2-CO2Me-Ph
102	4-F-Ph	2-CO2Et-Ph
103	4-F-Ph	2-CO2H-Ph
104	4-F-Ph	2-CONH2-Ph
105	4-F-Ph	2-CONHMe-Ph
106	4-F-Ph	2-F-Ph
107	4-F-Ph	2-Cl-Ph
108	4-F-Ph	2-Br-Ph
109	4-F-Ph	2-NO2-Ph
110	4-F-Ph	2-NH2-Ph
111	4-F-Ph	2-NHMe-Ph
112	4-F-Ph	2-NMe2-Ph
113	4-F-Ph	2-NHCOCH3-Ph
114	4-F-Ph	2-SO2NH2-Ph
115	4-F-Ph	2-SO2NHMe-Ph
116	4-F-Ph	2-CF3-Ph
117	4-F-Ph	2-0CH3-Ph
118	4-F-Ph	2-OPh-Ph
119	4-F-Ph	2-0CF3-Ph
120	4-F-Ph	2-SCH3-Ph
121	4-F-Ph	2-SOCH3-Ph
122	4-F-Ph	2-S02CH3-Ph
123	4-F-Ph	2-OH-Ph
124	4-F-Ph	2-CH2OH-Ph
125	4-F-Ph	2-CHOHCH3-Ph
126	4-F-Ph	2-COH(CH3)2-Ph
127	4-F-Ph	2-CHOHPh-Ph
128	4-F-Ph	2-CH3-Ph
129	4-F-Ph	2-C2H5-Ph
	——————————————————————————————————————	

130	4-F-Ph	2-iPr-Ph
131	4-F-Ph	2-tBu-Ph
132	4-F-Ph	2-Ph-Ph
133	4-F-Ph	2-CH2Ph-Ph
134	4-F-Ph	2-CH2CO2Me-Ph
135	4-F-Ph	2-(1-piperidinyl)-
133	4 1 111	Ph
136	4-F-Ph	2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
130	·	Ph
13.7	4-F-Ph	2-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
	<u> </u>	
138	4-F-Ph	2-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
139	4-F-Ph	2-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
140	4-F-Ph	2-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
141	4-F-Ph	2-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
142	4-F-Ph	2-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
143	4-F-Ph	2-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
144	4-F-Ph	2-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
145	4-F-Ph	2-(2-thienyl)-Ph
146	4-F-Ph	2-(2-furanyl)-Ph
147	4-F-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
148	4-F-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
149	4-F-Ph	2,6-diF-Ph
150	4-F-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
151	4-F-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
152	4-F-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
153	4-F-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
154	4-F-Ph	2,6-diCl-Ph
155	4-F-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
156	4-F-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
157	4-F-Ph	3,4-diCF3-Ph
158	4-F-Ph	3,5-diCF3-Ph
159	4-F-Ph	5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph
160	4-F-Ph	5-C1-2-Me-Ph
		3 C1 2 He 111

161	4-F-Ph	2-F-5-Me-Ph
162	4-F-Ph	2-F-5-NO2-Ph
163	4-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
164	4-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
165	4-F-Ph	2-MeO-4-Me-Ph
166	4-F-Ph	2-MeO-5-Me-Ph
167	4-F-Ph	1-naphthyl
168	4-F-Ph	2-naphthyl
169	4-F-Ph	2-thienyl
170	4-F-Ph	3-thienyl
171	4-F-Ph	2-furanyl
172	4-F-Ph	3-furanyl
173	4-F-Ph	2-pyridyl
174	4-F-Ph	3-pyridyl
175	4-F-Ph	4-pyridyl
176	4-F-Ph	2-indolyl
177	4-F-Ph	3-indolyl
178	4-F-Ph	5-indolyl
179	4-F-Ph	6-indolyl
180	4-F-Ph	3-indazolyl
181	4-F-Ph	5-indazolyl
182	4-F-Ph	6-indazolyl
183	4-F-Ph	2-imidazolyl
184	4-F-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
185	4-F-Ph	2-thiazolyl
186	4-F-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
187	4-F-Ph	2-benzimidazolyl
188	4-F-Ph	5-benzimidazolyl
189	4-F-Ph	2-benzothiazolyl
190	4-F-Ph	5-benzothiazolyl
191	4-F-Ph	2-benzoxazolyl
192	4-F-Ph	5-benzoxazolyl
193	2-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph
 -		

194	2-F-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
195	2-F-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
196	2-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
197	2-F-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
198	2-F-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
199	2-F-Ph	3-F-Ph
200	2-F-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
201	2-F-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
202	2-F-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
203	2-F-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
204	2-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
205	2-F-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
206	2-F-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
207	2-F-Ph	3-S02CH3-Ph
208	2-F-Ph	3-OH-Ph
209	2-F-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
210	2-F-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
211	2-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph
212	2-F-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
213	2-F-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
214	2-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
215	2-F-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
216	2-F-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
217	2-F-Ph	4-F-Ph
218	2-F-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
219	2-F-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
220	2-F-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
221	2-F-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
222	2-F-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
223	2 - F-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
224	2-F-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
225	2-F-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
226	2-F-Ph	4-OH-Ph

228 2-F-Ph 4-C2H5-Ph 229 2-F-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 230 2-F-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 231 2-F-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 232 2-F-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 233 2-F-Ph 2,4-diC1-Ph 234 2-F-Ph 2,5-diC1-Ph 235 2-F-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 236 2-F-Ph 3,5-diC1-Ph 237 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 238 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 239 2-F-Ph 2-thienyl 240 2-F-Ph 2-furanyl 241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 243 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 3-ctrazolyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph			
229 2-F-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 230 2-F-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 231 2-F-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 232 2-F-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 233 2-F-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 234 2-F-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 235 2-F-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 236 2-F-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 237 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 238 2-F-Ph 2-thienyl 240 2-F-Ph 2-furanyl 241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 243 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 3-chiazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 3-con-Ph 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph	227	2-F-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
230			4-C2H5-Ph
231 2-F-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 232 2-F-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 233 2-F-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 234 2-F-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 235 2-F-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 236 2-F-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 237 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 238 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 239 2-F-Ph 2-thienyl 240 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 243 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COZME-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COZME-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CI-Ph 258 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 259 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 253 3-CI-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SOZNH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph		2-F-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
232	230	2-F-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
233 2-F-Ph 2,4-diC1-Ph 234 2-F-Ph 2,5-diC1-Ph 235 2-F-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 236 2-F-Ph 3,5-diC1-Ph 237 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 238 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 239 2-F-Ph 2-thienyl 240 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 4-pyridyl 243 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COH2-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 258 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 259 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 253 3-SO2NH2-Ph 254 3-NH2-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph	231	2-F-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
234 2-F-Ph 2,5-dicl-Ph 235 2-F-Ph 3,4-dicl-Ph 236 2-F-Ph 3,5-dicl-Ph 237 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 238 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 239 2-F-Ph 2-thienyl 240 2-F-Ph 2-furanyl 241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 243 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-Cl-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-Cl-Ph 257 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph	232	2-F-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
235	233	2-F-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
236	234	2-F-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
237 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 238 2-F-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 239 2-F-Ph 2-thienyl 240 2-F-Ph 2-furanyl 241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 4-pyridyl 243 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CI-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CI-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CI-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CI-Ph 258 3-CI-Ph 259 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CI-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CI-Ph 251 3-SO2NH2-Ph 252 3-SO2NH2-Ph 253 3-SO2NH2-Ph	235	2-F-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
238	236	2-F-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
239 2-F-Ph 2-thienyl 240 2-F-Ph 2-furanyl 241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 4-pyridyl 243 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 258 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 259 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	237	2-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
240 2-F-Ph 2-furanyl 241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 4-pyridyl 243 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	238	2-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
241 2-F-Ph 2-pyridyl 242 2-F-Ph 4-pyridyl 243 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	239	2-F-Ph	2-thienyl
242 2-F-Ph 4-pyridyl 243 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	240	2-F-Ph	2-furanyl
243 2-F-Ph 2-imidazolyl 244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph		2-F-Ph	2-pyridyl
244 2-F-Ph 3-pyrazolyl 245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-Cl-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph		2-F-Ph	4-pyridyl
245 2-F-Ph 2-thiazolyl 246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph		2-F-Ph	2-imidazolyl
246 2-F-Ph 5-tetrazolyl 247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph		2-F-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
247 2-F-Ph 1-adamantyl 248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph		2-F-Ph	2-thiazolyl
248 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CN-Ph 249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	246	2-F-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
249 2,4-diF-Ph 3-COCH3-Ph 250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	247	2-F-Ph	1-adamantyl
250 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Me-Ph 251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	248	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CN-Ph
251 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2Et-Ph 252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	249		3-COCH3-Ph
252 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CO2H-Ph 253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-C1-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph		2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
253 2,4-diF-Ph 3-CONH2-Ph 254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-Cl-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	251	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
254 2,4-diF-Ph 3-F-Ph 255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-Cl-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	252	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
255 2,4-diF-Ph 3-Cl-Ph 256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	253	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
256 2,4-diF-Ph 3-NH2-Ph 257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	254	2,4-diF-Ph	3-F-Ph
257 2,4-diF-Ph 3-SO2NH2-Ph	255	2,4-diF-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
	256	2,4-diF-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
258 2 4-dig-ph 3 072 pl	257	2,4-diF-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
2,4-QIF-PH 3-CF3-Ph	258	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
259 2,4-diF-Ph 3-OCH3-Ph	259	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph

260	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
261	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
262	2,4-diF-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
263	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OH-Ph
264	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
265	2,4-diF-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
266	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CN-Ph
267	2,4-diF-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
268	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
269	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
270	2,4-diF-Ph	4-C02H-Ph
271	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
272	2,4-diF-Ph	4-F-Ph
273	2,4-diF-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
274	2,4-diF-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
275	2,4-diF-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
276	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
277	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
278	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
279	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
280	2,4-diF-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
281	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OH-Ph
282	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
283	2,4-diF-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
284	2,4-diF-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
285	2,4-diF-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
286	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
287	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
288	2,4-diF-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
289	2,4-diF-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
290	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
291	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
292	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
		<u> </u>

293	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
294	2,4-diF-Ph	2-thienyl
295	2,4-diF-Ph	2-furanyl
296	2,4-diF-Ph	2-pyridyl
297	2,4-diF-Ph	4-pyridyl
298	2,4-diF-Ph	2-imidazolyl
299	2,4-diF-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
300	2,4-diF-Ph	2-thiazolyl
301	2,4-diF-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
302	4-Cl-Ph	Ph
303	4-Cl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
304	4-Cl-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
305	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
306	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
307	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
308	4-Cl-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
309	4-Cl-Ph	3-CONHMe-Ph
310	4-Cl-Ph	3-F-Ph
311	4-Cl-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
312	4-Cl-Ph	3-Br-Ph
313	4-Cl-Ph	3-NO2-Ph
314	4-Cl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
315	4-Cl-Ph	3-NHMe-Ph
316	4-C1-Ph	3-NMe2-Ph
317	4-Cl-Ph	3-NHCOCH3-Ph
318	4-Cl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
319	4-Cl-Ph	3-SO2NHMe-Ph
320	4-Cl-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
321	4-Cl-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
322	4-Cl-Ph	3-OPh-Ph
323	4-Cl-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
324	4-Cl-Ph	3-SCH3-Ph
325	4-Cl-Ph	3-SOCH3-Ph

326	4-Cl-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
327	4-Cl-Ph	3-OH-Ph
328	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH2OH-Ph
329	4-C1-Ph	3-CHOHCH3-Ph
330	4-Cl-Ph	3-COH(CH3)2-Ph
331	4-Cl-Ph	3-CHOHPh-Ph
332	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
333	4-Cl-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
334	4-C1-Ph	3-iPr-Ph
335	4-Cl-Ph	3-tBu-Ph
336	4-Cl-Ph	3-Ph-Ph
337	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH2Ph-Ph
338	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH2CO2Me-Ph
339	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-piperidinyl)-
		Ph
340	4-C1-Ph	3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
		Ph
341	4-C1-Ph	3-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
342	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
343	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-thiazoly1)-Ph
344	4-Cl-Ph	3-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
345	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
346	4-C1-Ph	3-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
347	4-Cl-Ph	3-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
348	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
349	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-thienyl)-Ph
350	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-furanyl)-Ph
351	4-Cl-Ph	4-CN-Ph
352	4-Cl-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
353	4-Cl-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
354	4-C1-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
355	4-Cl-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
356	4-Cl-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph

357	4-Cl-Ph	4-CONHMe-Ph
358	4-C1-Ph	4-CONHPh-Ph
359	4-C1-Ph	4-NHCONH2-Ph
360	4-Cl-Ph	4-F-Ph
361	4-Cl-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
362	4-Cl-Ph	4-Br-Ph
363	4-C1-Ph	4-NO2-Ph
364	4-Cl-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
365	4-Cl-Ph	4-NHMe-Ph
366	4-Cl-Ph	4-NMe2-Ph
367	4-Cl-Ph	4-NHCOCH3-Ph
368	4-Cl-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
369	4-Cl-Ph	4-SO2NHMe-Ph
370	4-C1-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
371	4-Cl-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
372	4-C1-Ph	4-OPh-Ph
373	4-Cl-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
374	4-Cl-Ph	4-SCH3-Ph
375	4-Cl-Ph	4-SOCH3-Ph
376	4-C1-Ph	4-S02CH3-Ph
377	4-Cl-Ph	4-OH-Ph
378	4-Cl-Ph	4-CH2OH-Ph
379	4-Cl-Ph	4-CHOHCH3-Ph
380	4-Cl-Ph	4-COH(CH3)2-Ph
381	4-C1-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
382	4-Cl-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
383	4-C1-Ph	4-iPr-Ph
384	4-Cl-Ph	4-tBu-Ph
385	4-C1-Ph	4-Ph-Ph
386	4-C1-Ph	4-CH2Ph-Ph
387	4-C1-Ph	4-CH2CO2Me-Ph
388	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-piperidinyl)-
		Ph
		<u> </u>

389	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
		Ph
390	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
391	4-C1-Ph	4-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
392	4-C1-Ph	4-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
393	4-C1-Ph	4-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
394	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
395	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
396	4-Cl-Ph	4-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
397	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
398	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-thienyl)-Ph
399	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-furanyl)-Ph
400	4-Cl-Ph	2-CN-Ph
401	4-C1-Ph	2-COCH3-Ph
402	4-Cl-Ph	2-CO2Me-Ph
403	4-Cl-Ph	2-CO2Et-Ph
404	4-Cl-Ph	2-CO2H-Ph
405	4-Cl-Ph	2-CONH2-Ph
406	4-Cl-Ph	2-CONHMe-Ph
407	4-Cl-Ph	2-F-Ph
408	4-Cl-Ph	2-Cl-Ph
409	4-C1-Ph	2-Br-Ph
410	4-Cl-Ph	2-NO2-Ph
411	4-Cl-Ph	2-NH2-Ph
412	4-Cl-Ph	2-NHMe-Ph
413	4-Cl-Ph	2-NMe2-Ph
414	4-C1-Ph	2-NHCOCH3-Ph
415	4-Cl-Ph	2-SO2NH2-Ph
416	4-Cl-Ph	2-SO2NHMe-Ph
417	4-Cl-Ph	2-CF3-Ph
418	4-Cl-Ph	2-OCH3-Ph
419	4-Cl-Ph	2-OPh-Ph
420	4-Cl-Ph	2-OCF3-Ph
		<u> </u>

421	4-Cl-Ph	2-SCH3-Ph
422	4-Cl-Ph	2-SOCH3-Ph
423	4-Cl-Ph	2-S02CH3-Ph
424	4-Cl-Ph	2-OH-Ph
425	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH2OH-Ph
426	4-Cl-Ph	2-CHOHCH3-Ph
427	4-Cl-Ph	2-COH(CH3)2-Ph
428	4-C1-Ph	2-CHOHPh-Ph
429	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH3-Ph
430	4-Cl-Ph	2-C2H5-Ph
431	4-Cl-Ph	2-iPr-Ph
432	4-Cl-Ph	2-tBu-Ph
433	4-Cl-Ph	2-Ph-Ph
434	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH2Ph-Ph
435	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH2CO2Me-Ph
436	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-piperidinyl)-
		Ph
437	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
		Ph
438	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
439	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
440	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
441	4-Cl-Ph	2-(3-pyrazoly1)-Ph
442	4-C1-Ph	2-(1-pyrazoly1)-Ph
443	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-tetrazoly1)-Ph
444	4-C1-Ph	2-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
445	4-C1-Ph	2-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
446	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-thienyl)-Ph
447	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-furanyl)-Ph
448	4-Cl-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
449	4-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
450	4-Cl-Ph	2,6-diF-Ph
451	4-C1-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
		L

452 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 453 4-Cl-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 454 4-Cl-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 455 4-Cl-Ph 2,6-diCl-Ph 456 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 457 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 458 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 459 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 459 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-dicl-Ph 461 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 462 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 463 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 2-meO-5-Me-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph			
454 4-Cl-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 455 4-Cl-Ph 2,6-diCl-Ph 456 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 457 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 458 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 459 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph 461 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph 462 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 2-meO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 2-maphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph	452	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
455 4-C1-Ph 2,6-dic1-Ph 456 4-C1-Ph 3,4-dic1-Ph 457 4-C1-Ph 3,5-dic1-Ph 458 4-C1-Ph 3,4-dicF3-Ph 459 4-C1-Ph 3,5-dicF3-Ph 460 4-C1-Ph 5-C1-2-MeO-Ph 461 4-C1-Ph 5-C1-2-MeO-Ph 462 4-C1-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-C1-Ph 2-F-5-NO2-Ph 464 4-C1-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 465 4-C1-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-C1-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-C1-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-C1-Ph 2-meO-4-Me-Ph 469 4-C1-Ph 2-meO-4-Me-Ph 469 4-C1-Ph 2-meO-5-Me-Ph 470 4-C1-Ph 2-meO-5-Me-Ph 471 4-C1-Ph 2-thienyl 472 4-C1-Ph 2-thienyl 473 4-C1-Ph 3-thienyl 474 4-C1-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-C1-Ph	453	4-Cl-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
456 4-C1-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 457 4-C1-Ph 3,5-diC1-Ph 458 4-C1-Ph 3,4-diCF3-Ph 459 4-C1-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-C1-Ph 5-C1-2-MeO-Ph 461 4-C1-Ph 5-C1-2-MeO-Ph 462 4-C1-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-C1-Ph 2-F-5-MO2-Ph 464 4-C1-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 465 4-C1-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 466 4-C1-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-C1-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-C1-Ph 2-meO-5-Me-Ph 469 4-C1-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-C1-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-C1-Ph 2-thienyl 472 4-C1-Ph 3-thienyl 473 4-C1-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-C1-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-C1-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-C1-Ph 3-indolyl 478 4-C1-Ph 5-i	454	4-Cl-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
457 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 458 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-diCF3-Ph 459 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph 461 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph 462 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-NO2-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 2-meO-5-Me-Ph 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5	455	4-Cl-Ph	2,6-diCl-Ph
458 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-diCF3-Ph 459 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph 461 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-Me-Ph 462 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-NO2-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl	456	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
459 4-Cl-Ph 3,5-diCF3-Ph 460 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph 461 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-Me-Ph 462 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-NO2-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-meO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazo	457	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
460 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph 461 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-Me-Ph 462 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-NO2-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl	458	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-diCF3-Ph
461 4-Cl-Ph 5-Cl-2-Me-Ph 462 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-NO2-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl	459	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCF3-Ph
462 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-Me-Ph 463 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-NO2-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	460	4-Cl-Ph	5-C1-2-MeO-Ph
463 4-Cl-Ph 2-F-5-NO2-Ph 464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	461	4-Cl-Ph	5-Cl-2-Me-Ph
464 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	462	4-Cl-Ph	2-F-5-Me-Ph
465 4-Cl-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	463	4-Cl-Ph	2-F-5-NO2-Ph
466 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-4-Me-Ph 467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	464	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
467 4-Cl-Ph 2-MeO-5-Me-Ph 468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	465	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
468 4-Cl-Ph 1-naphthyl 469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	466	4-Cl-Ph	2-MeO-4-Me-Ph
469 4-Cl-Ph 2-naphthyl 470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	467	4-Cl-Ph	2-MeO-5-Me-Ph
470 4-Cl-Ph 2-thienyl 471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	468	4-Cl-Ph	1-naphthyl
471 4-Cl-Ph 3-thienyl 472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl	469	4-Cl-Ph	2-naphthyl
472 4-Cl-Ph 2-furanyl 473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	470	4-Cl-Ph	2-thienyl
473 4-Cl-Ph 3-furanyl 474 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	471	4-Cl-Ph	3-thienyl
474 4-Cl-Ph 2-pyridyl 475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	472	4-Cl-Ph	2-furanyl
475 4-Cl-Ph 3-pyridyl 476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	473	4-Cl-Ph	3-furanyl
476 4-Cl-Ph 4-pyridyl 477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	474	4-Cl-Ph	2-pyridyl
477 4-Cl-Ph 2-indolyl 478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	475	4-Cl-Ph	3-pyridyl
478 4-Cl-Ph 3-indolyl 479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	476	4-Cl-Ph	4-pyridyl
479 4-Cl-Ph 5-indolyl 480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	477		_
480 4-Cl-Ph 6-indolyl 481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	478	4-Cl-Ph	3-indolyl
481 4-Cl-Ph 3-indazolyl 482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	479	4-Cl-Ph	5-indolyl
482 4-Cl-Ph 5-indazolyl 483 4-Cl-Ph 6-indazolyl	480	4-Cl-Ph	6-indolyl
483 4-C1-Ph 6-indazolyl	481	4-Cl-Ph	3-indazolyl
-	482	4-Cl-Ph	5-indazolyl
484 4-C1-Ph 2-imidazolyl	483	4-C1-Ph	6-indazolyl
	484	4-Cl-Ph	2-imidazolyl

485	4-Cl-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
486	4-Cl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
487	4-Cl-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
488	4-Cl-Ph	2-benzimidazolyl
489	4-Cl-Ph	5-benzimidazolyl
490	4-Cl-Ph	2-benzothiazolyl
491	4-Cl-Ph	5-benzothiazolyl
492	4-Cl-Ph	2-benzoxazolyl
493	4-Cl-Ph	5-benzoxazolyl
494	2-Cl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
495	2-Cl-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
496	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
497	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
498	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
499	2-C1-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
500	2-Cl-Ph	3-F-Ph
501	2-C1-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
502	2-Cl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
503	2-Cl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
504	2-Cl-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
505	2-Cl-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
506	2-C1-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
507	2-C1-Ph	3-0CF3-Ph
508	2-C1-Ph	3-S02CH3-Ph
509	2-Cl-Ph	3-OH-Ph
510	2-Cl-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
511	2-Cl-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
512	2-Cl-Ph	4-CN-Ph
513	2-Cl-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
514	2-C1-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
515	2-C1-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
516	2-Cl-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
517	2-Cl-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph

518	2-C1-Ph	4-F-Ph
519	2-Cl-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
520	2-Cl-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
521	2-Cl-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
522	2-C1-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
523	2-C1-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
524	2-C1-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
525	2-C1-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
526	2-C1-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
527	2-Cl-Ph	4-OH-Ph
528	2-Cl-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
529	2-Cl-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
530	2-Cl-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
531	2-C1-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
532	2-Cl-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
533	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
534	2-Cl-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
535	2-Cl-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
536	2-C1-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
537	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
538	2-Cl-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
539	2-Cl-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
540	2-Cl-Ph	2-thienyl
541	2-Cl-Ph	2-furanyl
542	2-Cl-Ph	2-pyridyl
543	2-C1-Ph	4-pyridyl
544	2-Cl-Ph	2-imidazolyl
545	2-Cl-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
546	2-Cl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
547	2-Cl-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
548	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
549	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
550	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph

551	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
552	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
553	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
554	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-F-Ph
555	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
556	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
557	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
558	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
559	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
560	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
561	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
562	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
. 563	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OH-Ph
564	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
565	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
566	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CN-Ph
567	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
568	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
569	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
570	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
571	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
572	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-F-Ph
573	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
574	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
575	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
576	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
577	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
578	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
579	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
580	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
581	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OH-Ph
582	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
583	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
		<u> </u>

584	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
		I
585	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
586	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
587	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
588	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
589	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
590	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
591	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
592	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
593	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
594	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-thienyl
595	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-furanyl
596	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-pyridyl
597	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-pyridyl
598	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-imidazolyl
599	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
600	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
601	2,4-diCl-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
602	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CN-Ph
603	3-OCH3-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
604	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
605	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
606	3-OCH3-Ph	3-C02H-Ph
607	3-0CH3-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
608	3-0CH3-Ph	3-F-Ph
609	3-OCH3-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
610	3-0CH3-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
611	3-OCH3-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
612	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
613	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
614	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
615	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
616	3-OCH3-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph

617	3-0CH3-Ph	3-OH-Ph
618	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
619	3-OCH3-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
620	3-0CH3-Ph	4-CN-Ph
621	3-0CH3-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
622	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
623	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
624	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
625	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
626	3-OCH3-Ph	4-F-Ph
627	3-OCH3-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
628	3-OCH3-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
629	3-OCH3-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
630	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
631	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
632	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
633	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
634	3-OCH3-Ph	4-S02CH3-Ph
635	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OH-Ph
636	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
637	3-0CH3-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
638	3-OCH3-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
639	3-OCH3-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
640	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
641	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
642	3-0CH3-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
643	3-OCH3-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
644	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
645	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
646	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
647	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
648	3-OCH3-Ph	2-thienyl
649	3-OCH3-Ph	2-furanyl

650	3-OCH3-Ph	2-pyridyl
651	3-OCH3-Ph	4-pyridyl
652	3-OCH3-Ph	2-imidazolyl
653	3-OCH3-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
654	3-OCH3-Ph	2-thiazolyl
655	3-OCH3-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
656	2-F-Ph	3,5-diCOCH3-Ph
657	4-F-Ph	3,5-diCOCH3-Ph
658	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-diCOCH3-Ph
659	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCOCH3-Ph
660	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCOCH3-Ph
661	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCOCH3-Ph
662	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-diCOCH3-Ph

Utility

5 The utility of the compounds in accordance with the present invention as modulators of chemokine receptor activity may be demonstrated by methodology known in the art, such as the assays for CCR-2 and CCR-3 ligand binding, as disclosed by Ponath et al., J. Exp. Med., 10 183, 2437-2448 (1996) and Uguccioni et al., J. Clin. Invest., 100, 1137-1143 (1997). Cell lines for expressing the receptor of interest include those naturally expressing the chemokine receptor, such as EOL-3 or THP-1, those induced to express the chemokine receptor by the addition of chemical or protein agents, such as HL-60 or AML14.3D10 cells treated with, for example, butyric acid with interleukin-5 present, or a cell engineered to express a recombinant chemokine receptor, such as CHO or HEK-293. Finally, blood or 20 tissue cells, for example human peripheral blood eosinophils, isolated using methods as described by

Hansel et al., J. Immunol. Methods, 145, 105-110 (1991), can be utilized in such assays. In particular, the compound of the present invention have activity in binding to the CCR-3 receptor in the aforementioned assays. As used herein, "activity" is intended to mean a compound demonstrating an IC50 of 10 µM or lower in concentration when measured in the aforementioned assays. Such a result is indicative of the intrinsic activity of the compounds as modulators of chemokine receptor activity. A general binding protocol is described below.

CCR3-Receptor Binding Protocol

15 Millipore filter plates (#MABVN1250) are treated with 5 µg/ml protamine in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2, for ten minutes at room temperature. Plates are washed three times with phosphate buffered saline and incubated with phosphate buffered saline for thirty minutes at room temperature. For binding, 50 μl of 20 binding buffer (0.5% bovine serum albumen, 20 mM HEPES buffer and 5 mM magnesium chloride in RPMI 1640 media) with or without a test concentration of a compound present at a known concentration is combined with 50 μ l of 125-I labeled human eotaxin (to give a final 25 concentration of 150 pM radioligand) and 50 μ l of cell suspension in binding buffer containing 5x10⁵ total cells. Cells used for such binding assays can include cell lines transfected with a gene expressing CCR3 such as that described by Daugherty et al. (1996), isolated 30 human eosinophils such as described by Hansel et al. (1991) or the AML14.3D10 cell line after differentiation with butyric acid as described by Tiffany et al. (1998). The mixture of compound, cells and radioligand are

incubated at room temperature for thirty minutes. Plates are placed onto a vacuum manifold, vacuum applied, and plates washed three times with binding buffer with 0.5M NaCl added. The plastic skirt is removed from the plate, the plate allowed to air dry, the wells punch out and CPM counted. The percent inhibition of binding is calculated using the total count obtained in the absence of any competing compound or chemokine ligand and the background binding determined by addition of 100 nM eotaxin in place of the test compound.

The utility of the compounds in accordance with the present invention as inhibitors of the migration of eosinophils or cell lines expressing the chemokine receptors may be demonstrated by methodology known in the art, such as the chemotaxis assay disclosed by Bacon et al., Brit. J. Pharmacol., 95, 966-974 (1988). In particular, the compound of the present invention have activity in inhibition of the migration of eosinophils in the aforementioned assays. As used herein, "activity" is intended to mean a compound demonstrating an IC50 of 10 μM or lower in concentration when measured in the aforementioned assays. Such a result is indicative of the intrinsic activity of the compounds as modulators of chemokine receptor activity. A human eosinophil chemotaxis assay protocol is described below.

<u>Human Eosinophil Chemotaxis Assay</u>

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Neuroprobe MBA96 96-well chemotaxis chambers with Neuroprobe polyvinylpyrrolidone-free polycarbonate PFD5 5-micron filters in place are warmed in a 37°C incubator prior to assay. Freshly isolated human eosinophils, isolated according to a method such as that described by

Hansel et al. (1991), are suspended in RPMI 1640 with 0.1% bovine serum albumin at 1 x 10^6 cells/ml and warmed in a 37°C incubator prior to assay. A 20 nM solution of human eotaxin in RPMI 1640 with 0.1% bovine serum albumin is warmed in a 37°C incubator prior to assay. 5 The eosinophil suspension and the 20 nM eotaxin solution are each mixed 1:1 with prewarmed RPMI 1640 with 0.1% bovine serum albumin with or without a dilution of a test compound that is at two fold the desired final 10 concentration. These mixtures are warmed in a 37°C incubator prior to assay. The filter is separated from the prewarmed Neuroprobe chemotaxis chamber and the eotaxin/compound mixture is placed into a Polyfiltronics MPC 96 well plate that has been placed in the bottom 15 part of the Neuro Probe chemotaxis chamber. The approximate volume is 370 microliters and there should be a positive meniscus after dispensing. The filter is replaced above the 96 well plate, the rubber gasket is attached to the bottom of the upper chamber, and the 20 chamber assembled. A 200 μl volume of the cell suspension/compound mixture is added to the appropriate wells of the upper chamber. The upper chamber is covered with a plate sealer, and the assembled unit placed in a 37°C incubator for 45 minutes. After 25 incubation, the plate sealer is removed and all remaining cell suspension is aspirated off. The chamber is disassembled and, while holding the filter by the sides at a 90-degree angle, unmigrated cells are washed away using a gentle stream of phosphate buffered saline 30 dispensed from a squirt bottle and then the filter wiped with a rubber tipped squeegee. The filter is allowed to completely dry and immersed completely in Wright Giemsa stain for 30-45 seconds. The filter is rinsed with distilled water for 7 minutes, rinsed once with water

briefly, and allowed to dry. Migrated cells are enumerated by microscopy.

Mammalian chemokine receptors provide a target for interfering with or promoting immune cell function in a 5 mammal, such as a human. Compounds that inhibit or promote chemokine receptor function are particularly useful for modulating immune cell function for therapeutic purposes. Accordingly, the present invention is directed to compounds which are useful in the prevention and/or treatment of a wide variety of inflammatory, infectious, and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases, including asthma and allergic diseases, infection by pathogenic microbes (which, by definition, includes viruses), as well as autoimmune pathologies such as the rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis.

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For example, an instant compound which inhibits one or more functions of a mammalian chemokine receptor (e.g., a human chemokine receptor) may be administered. to inhibit (i.e., reduce or prevent) inflammation or infectious disease. As a result, one or more inflammatory process, such as leukocyte emigration, adhesion, chemotaxis, exocytosis (e.g., of enzymes, histamine) or inflammatory mediator release, is inhibited. For example, eosinophilic infiltration to 25 inflammatory sites (e.g., in asthma or allergic rhinitis) can be inhibited according to the present method. In particular, the compound of the following examples has activity in blocking the migration of cells expressing the CCR-3 receptor using the appropriate chemokines in the aforementioned assays. As used 30 herein, "activity" is intended to mean a compound demonstrating an IC50 of 10 µM or lower in concentration when measured in the aforementioned assays. Such a result is also indicative of the intrinsic activity of

the compounds as modulators of chemokine receptor activity.

Similarly, an instant compound which promotes one or more functions of the mammalian chemokine receptor 5 (e.g., a human chemokine) as administered to stimulate (induce or enhance) an immune or inflammatory response, such as leukocyte emigration, adhesion, chemotaxis, exocytosis (e.g., of enzymes, histamine) or inflammatory mediator release, resulting in the beneficial 10 stimulation of inflammatory processes. For example, eosinophils can be recruited to combat parasitic infections. In addition, treatment of the aforementioned inflammatory, allergic and autoimmune diseases can also be contemplated for an instant 15 compound which promotes one or more functions of the mammalian chemokine receptor if one contemplates the delivery of sufficient compound to cause the loss of receptor expression on cells through the induction of chemokine receptor internalization or the delivery of 20 compound in a manner that results in the misdirection of the migration of cells.

In addition to primates, such as humans, a variety of other mammals can be treated according to the method of the present invention. For instance, mammals,

25 including but not limited to, cows, sheep, goats, horses, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, rats or other bovine, ovine, equine, canine, feline, rodent or murine species can be treated. However, the method can also be practiced in other species, such as avian species. The subject treated in the methods above is a mammal, male or female, in whom modulation of chemokine receptor activity is desired. "Modulation" as used herein is intended to encompass antagonism, agonism, partial antagonism and/or partial agonism.

Diseases or conditions of human or other species which can be treated with inhibitors of chemokine receptor function, include, but are not limited to: inflammatory or allergic diseases and conditions, 5 including respiratory allergic diseases such as asthma, allergic rhinitis, hypersensitivity lung diseases, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, eosinophilic cellulitis (e.g., Well's syndrome), eosinophilic pneumonias (e.g., Loeffler's syndrome, chronic eosinophilic pneumonia), 10 eosinophilic fasciitis (e.g., Shulman's syndrome), delayed-type hypersensitivity, interstitial lung diseases (ILD) (e.g., idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, or ILD associated with rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, ankylosing spondylitis, systemic 15 sclerosis, Sjogren's syndrome, polymyositis or dermatomyositis); systemic anaphylaxis or hypersensitivity responses, drug allergies (e.g., to penicillin, cephalosporins), eosinophilia-myalgia syndrome due to the ingestion of contaminated 20 tryptophan, insect sting allergies; autoimmune diseases, such as rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, myasthenia gravis, juvenile onset diabetes; glomerulonephritis, autoimmune thyroiditis, Behcet's 25 disease; graft rejection (e.g., in transplantation), including allograft rejection or graft-versus-host disease; inflammatory bowel diseases, such as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis; spondyloarthropathies; scleroderma; psoriasis (including T-cell mediated psoriasis) and inflammatory dermatoses such as an 30 dermatitis, eczema, atopic dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, urticaria; vasculitis (e.g., necrotizing, cutaneous, and hypersensitivity vasculitis); eosinophilic myositis, eosinophilic fasciitis; cancers with leukocyte infiltration of the skin or organs.

Other diseases or conditions in which undesirable inflammatory responses are to be inhibited can be treated, including, but not limited to, reperfusion injury, atherosclerosis, certain hematologic

5 malignancies, cytokine-induced toxicity (e.g., septic shock, endotoxic shock), polymyositis, dermatomyositis. Infectious diseases or conditions of human or other species which can be treated with inhibitors of chemokine receptor function, include, but are not limited to, HIV.

Diseases or conditions of humans or other species which can be treated with promoters of chemokine receptor function, include, but are not limited to: immunosuppression, such as that in individuals with 15 immunodeficiency syndromes such as AIDS or other viral infections, individuals undergoing radiation therapy, chemotherapy, therapy for autoimmune disease or drug therapy (e.g., corticosteroid therapy), which causes immunosuppression; immunosuppression due to congenital 20 deficiency in receptor function or other causes; and infections diseases, such as parasitic diseases, including, but not limited to helminth infections, such as nematodes (round worms); (Trichuriasis, Enterobiasis, Ascariasis, Hookworm, Strongyloidiasis, Trichinosis, 25 filariasis); trematodes (flukes) (Schistosomiasis, Clonorchiasis), cestodes (tape worms) (Echinococcosis, Taeniasis saginata, Cysticercosis); visceral worms, visceral larva migraines (e.g., Toxocara), eosinophilic gastroenteritis (e.g., Anisaki sp., Phocanema sp.), cutaneous larva migraines (Ancylostona braziliense, 30 Ancylostoma caninum). The compounds of the present invention are accordingly useful in the prevention and treatment of a wide variety of inflammatory, infectious and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases. addition, treatment of the aforementioned inflammatory, 35

allergic and autoimmune diseases can also be contemplated for promoters of chemokine receptor function if one contemplates the delivery of sufficient compound to cause the loss of receptor expression on cells through the induction of chemokine receptor internalization or delivery of compound in a manner that results in the misdirection of the migration of cells.

In another aspect, the instant invention may be used to evaluate the putative specific agonists or 10 antagonists of a G protein coupled receptor. present invention is directed to the use of these compounds in the preparation and execution of screening assays for compounds that modulate the activity of chemokine receptors. Furthermore, the compounds of this 15 invention are useful in establishing or determining the binding site of other compounds to chemokine receptors, e.g., by competitive inhibition or as a reference in an assay to compare its known activity to a compound with an unknown activity. When developing new assays or 20 protocols, compounds according to the present invention could be used to test their effectiveness. Specifically, such compounds may be provided in a commercial kit, for example, for use in pharmaceutical research involving the aforementioned diseases. The 25 compounds of the instant invention are also useful for the evaluation of putative specific modulators of the chemokine receptors. In addition, one could utilize compounds of this invention to examine the specificity of G protein coupled receptors that are not thought to 30 be chemokine receptors, either by serving as examples of compounds which do not bind or as structural variants of compounds active on these receptors which may help define specific sites of interaction.

Combined therapy to prevent and treat inflammatory, infectious and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases,

including asthma and allergic diseases, as well as autoimmune pathologies such as rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis, and those pathologies noted above is illustrated by the combination of the compounds of this 5 invention and other compounds which are known for such utilities. For example, in the treatment or prevention of inflammation, the present compounds may be used in conjunction with an anti-inflammatory or analgesic agent such as an opiate agonist, a lipoxygenase inhibitor, a cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitor, an interleukin inhibitor, 10 such as an interleukin-1 inhibitor, a tumor necrosis factor inhibitor, an NMDA antagonist, an inhibitor or nitric oxide or an inhibitor of the synthesis of nitric oxide, a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent, a 15 phosphodiesterase inhibitor, or a cytokine-suppressing anti-inflammatory agent, for example with a compound such as acetaminophen, aspirin, codeine, fentaynl, ibuprofen, indomethacin, ketorolac, morphine, naproxen, phenacetin, piroxicam, a steroidal analgesic, 20 sufentanyl, sunlindac, interferon alpha and the like. Similarly, the instant compounds may be administered with a pain reliever; a potentiator such as caffeine, an H2-antagonist, simethicone, aluminum or magnesium hydroxide; a decongestant such as phenylephrine, 25 phenylpropanolamine, pseudophedrine, oxymetazoline, ephinephrine, naphazoline, xylometazoline, propylhexedrine, or levodesoxy-ephedrine; and antitussive such as codeine, hydrocodone, caramiphen, carbetapentane, or dextramethorphan; a diuretic; and a 30 sedating or non-sedating antihistamine. Likewise. compounds of the present invention may be used in combination with other drugs that are used in the treatment/prevention/suppression or amelioration of the diseases or conditions for which compound of the present 35 invention are useful. Such other drugs may be

administered, by a route and in an amount commonly used therefore, contemporaneously or sequentially with a compound of the present invention. When a compound of the present invention is used contemporaneously with one 5 or more other drugs, a pharmaceutical composition containing such other drugs in addition to the compound of the present invention is preferred. Accordingly, the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention include those that also contain one or more other active ingredients, in addition to a compound of the present 10 invention. Examples of other active ingredients that may be combined with a compound of the present invention, either administered separately or in the same pharmaceutical compositions, include, but are not 15 limited to: (a) integrin antagonists such as those for selectins, ICAMs and VLA-4; (b) steroids such as beclomethasone, methylprednisolone, betamethasone, prednisone, dexamethasone, and hydrocortisone; (c) immunosuppressants such as cyclosporin, tacrolimus, 20 rapamycin and other FK-506 type immunosuppressants; (d) antihistamines (H1-histamine antagonists) such as bromopheniramine, chlorpheniramine, dexchlorpheniramine, triprolidine, clemastine, diphenhydramine, diphenylpyraline, tripelennamine, hydroxyzine, 25 methdilazine, promethazine, trimeprazine, azatadine, cyproheptadine, antazoline, pheniramine pyrilamine, astemizole, terfenadine, loratadine, cetirizine, fexofenadine, descarboethoxyloratadine, and the like; (e) non-steroidal anti-asthmatics such as b2-agonists 30 (terbutaline, metaproterenol, fenoterol, isoetharine, albuteral, bitolterol, and pirbuterol), theophylline, cromolyn sodium, atropine, ipratropium bromide, leukotriene antagonists (zafirlukast, montelukast, pranlukast, iralukast, pobilukast, SKB-102,203), 35 leukotriene biosynthesis inhibitors (zileuton, BAY-

1005); (f) non-steroidal antiinflammatory agents (NSAIDs) such as propionic acid derivatives (alminoprofen, benxaprofen, bucloxic acid, carprofen, fenbufen, fenoprofen, fluprofen, flurbiprofen,

- ibuprofen, indoprofen, ketoprofen, miroprofen, naproxen, oxaprozin, pirprofen, pranoprofen, suprofen, tiaprofenic acid, and tioxaprofen), acetic acid derivatives (indomethacin, acemetacin, alclofenac, clidanac, diclofenac, fenclofenac, fenclozic acid, fentiazac,
- furofenac, ibufenac, isoxepac, oxpinac, sulindac, tiopinac, tolmetin, zidometacin, and zomepirac), fenamic acid derivatives (flufenamic acid, meclofenamic acid, mefenamic acid, niflumic acid and tolfenamic acid), biphenylcarboxylic acid derivatives (diflunisal and
- flufenisal), oxicams (isoxicam, piroxicam, sudoxicam and tenoxican), salicylates (acetyl salicylic acid, sulfasalazine) and the pyrazolones (apazone, bezpiperylon, feprazone, mofebutazone, oxyphenbutazone, phenylbutazone); (g) cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2)
- inhibitors; (h) inhibitors of phosphodiesterase type IV (PDE-IV); (I) other antagonists of the chemokine receptors; (j) cholesterol lowering agents such as HMG-COA reductase inhibitors (lovastatin, simvastatin and pravastatin, fluvastatin, atorvsatatin, and other
- 25 statins), sequestrants (cholestyramine and colestipol),
 nicotonic acid, fenofibric acid derivatives
 (gemfibrozil, clofibrat, fenofibrate and benzafibrate),
 and probucol; (k) anti-diabetic agents such as insulin,
 sulfonylureas, biguanides (metformin), a-glucosidase
- inhibitors (acarbose) and glitazones (troglitazone ad
 pioglitazone); (l) preparations of interferons
 (interferon alpha-2a, interferon-2B, interferon alphaN3, interferon beta-1a, interferon beta-1b, interferon
 gamma-1b); (m) antiviral compounds such as efavirenz,
- 35 nevirapine, indinavir, ganciclovir, lamivudine,

famciclovir, and zalcitabine; (o) other compound such as 5-aminosalicylic acid an prodrugs thereof, antimetabolites such as azathioprine and 6mercaptopurine, and cytotoxic cancer chemotherapeutic 5 agents. The weight ratio of the compound of the present invention to the second active ingredient may be varied and will depend upon the effective doses of each ingredient. Generally, an effective dose of each will be used. Thus, for example, when a compound of the 10 present invention is combined with an NSAID the weight ratio of the compound of the present invention to the NSAID will generally range from about 1000:1 to about 1:1000, preferably about 200:1 to about 1:200. Combinations of a compound of the present invention and 15 other active ingredients will generally also be within the aforementioned range, but in each case, an effective dose of each active ingredient should be used.

The compounds are administered to a mammal in a therapeutically effective amount. By "therapeutically effective amount" it is meant an amount of a compound of Formula I that, when administered alone or in combination with an additional therapeutic agent to a mammal, is effective to prevent or ameliorate the thromboembolic disease condition or the progression of the disease.

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Dosage and Formulation

The compounds of this invention can be administered in such oral dosage forms as tablets,

30 capsules (each of which includes sustained release or timed release formulations), pills, powders, granules, elixirs, tinctures, suspensions, syrups, and emulsions. They may also be administered in intravenous (bolus or infusion), intraperitoneal, subcutaneous, or

35 intramuscular form, all using dosage forms well known to

those of ordinary skill in the pharmaceutical arts. They can be administered alone, but generally will be administered with a pharmaceutical carrier selected on the basis of the chosen route of administration and standard pharmaceutical practice.

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The dosage regimen for the compounds of the present invention will, of course, vary depending upon known factors, such as the pharmacodynamic characteristics of the particular agent and its mode and route of administration; the species, age, sex, health, medical condition, and weight of the recipient; the nature and extent of the symptoms; the kind of concurrent treatment; the frequency of treatment; the route of administration, the renal and hepatic function of the patient, and the effect desired. A physician or veterinarian can determine and prescribe the effective amount of the drug required to prevent, counter, or arrest the progress of the thromboembolic disorder.

By way of general guidance, the daily oral dosage of each active ingredient, when used for the indicated effects, will range between about 0.001 to 1000 mg/kg of body weight, preferably between about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg of body weight per day, and most preferably between about 1.0 to 20 mg/kg/day. Intravenously, the most preferred doses will range from about 1 to about 10 mg/kg/minute during a constant rate infusion. Compounds of this invention may be administered in a single daily dose, or the total daily dosage may be administered in divided doses of two, three, or four times daily.

Compounds of this invention can be administered in intranasal form via topical use of suitable intranasal vehicles, or via transdermal routes, using transdermal skin patches. When administered in the form of a transdermal delivery system, the dosage administration

will, of course, be continuous rather than intermittent throughout the dosage regimen.

The compounds are typically administered in admixture with suitable pharmaceutical diluents, excipients, or carriers (collectively referred to herein as pharmaceutical carriers) suitably selected with respect to the intended form of administration, that is, oral tablets, capsules, elixirs, syrups and the like, and consistent with conventional

10 pharmaceutical practices.

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For instance, for oral administration in the form of a tablet or capsule, the active drug component can be combined with an oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable, inert carrier such as lactose, starch, 15 sucrose, glucose, methyl callulose, magnesium stearate, dicalcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, mannitol, sorbitol and the like; for oral administration in liquid form, the oral drug components can be combined with any oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable inert carrier such as ethanol, glycerol, water, and the 20 like. Moreover, when desired or necessary, suitable binders, lubricants, disintegrating agents, and coloring agents can also be incorporated into the Suitable binders include starch, gelatin, mixture. natural sugars such as glucose or beta-lactose, corn 25 sweeteners, natural and synthetic gums such as acacia, tragacanth, or sodium alginate, carboxymethylcellulose, polyethylene glycol, waxes, and the like. Lubricants used in these dosage forms include sodium oleate. 30 sodium stearate, magnesium stearate, sodium benzoate, sodium acetate, sodium chloride, and the like. Disintegrators include, without limitation, starch, methyl cellulose, agar, bentonite, xanthan gum, and the like.

The compounds of the present invention can also be administered in the form of liposome delivery systems, such as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar vesicles, and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, such as cholesterol, stearylamine, or phosphatidylcholines.

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Compounds of the present invention may also be coupled with soluble polymers as targetable drug carriers. Such polymers can include 10 polyvinylpyrrolidone, pyran copolymer, polyhydroxypropylmethacrylamide-phenol, polyhydroxyethylaspartamidephenol, or polyethyleneoxide-polylysine substituted with palmitoyl residues. Furthermore, the compounds of the present 15 invention may be coupled to a class of biodegradable polymers useful in achieving controlled release of a drug, for example, polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, copolymers of polylactic and polyglycolic acid, polyepsilon caprolactone, polyhydroxy butyric acid, 20 polyorthoesters, polyacetals, polydihydropyrans, polycyanoacylates, and crosslinked or amphipathic block copolymers of hydrogels.

Dosage forms (pharmaceutical compositions) suitable for administration may contain from about 1 milligram to about 100 milligrams of active ingredient per dosage unit. In these pharmaceutical compositions the active ingredient will ordinarily be present in an amount of about 0.5-95% by weight based on the total weight of the composition.

30 Gelatin capsules may contain the active ingredient and powdered carriers, such as lactose, starch, cellulose derivatives, magnesium stearate, stearic acid, and the like. Similar diluents can be used to make compressed tablets. Both tablets and capsules can be manufactured as sustained release products to provide

for continuous release of medication over a period of hours. Compressed tablets can be sugar coated or film coated to mask any unpleasant taste and protect the tablet from the atmosphere, or enteric coated for selective disintegration in the gastrointestinal tract.

Liquid dosage forms for oral administration can contain coloring and flavoring to increase patient acceptance.

In general, water, a suitable oil, saline, aqueous 10 dextrose (glucose), and related sugar solutions and glycols such as propylene glycol or polyethylene glycols are suitable carriers for parenteral solutions. Solutions for parenteral administration preferably contain a water soluble salt of the active ingredient, 15 suitable stabilizing agents, and if necessary, buffer substances. Antioxidizing agents such as sodium bisulfite, sodium sulfite, or ascorbic acid, either alone or combined, are suitable stabilizing agents. Also used are citric acid and its salts and sodium EDTA. 20 In addition, parenteral solutions can contain preservatives, such as benzalkonium chloride, methyl- or propyl-paraben, and chlorobutanol.

Suitable pharmaceutical carriers are described in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, a standard reference text in this field.

Representative useful pharmaceutical dosage-forms for administration of the compounds of this invention can be illustrated as follows:

Capsules

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A large number of unit capsules can be prepared by filling standard two-piece hard gelatin capsules each with 100 milligrams of powdered active ingredient, 150 milligrams of lactose, 50 milligrams of cellulose, and 6 milligrams magnesium stearate.

35 <u>Soft Gelatin Capsules</u>

A mixture of active ingredient in a digestable oil such as soybean oil, cottonseed oil or olive oil may be prepared and injected by means of a positive displacement pump into gelatin to form soft gelatin capsules containing 100 milligrams of the active ingredient. The capsules should be washed and dried.

<u>Tablets</u>

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Tablets may be prepared by conventional procedures so that the dosage unit is 100 milligrams of active ingredient, 0.2 milligrams of colloidal silicon dioxide, 5 milligrams of magnesium stearate, 275 milligrams of microcrystalline cellulose, 11 milligrams of starch and 98.8 milligrams of lactose. Appropriate coatings may be applied to increase palatability or delay absorption.

<u>Injectable</u>

A parenteral composition suitable for administration by injection may be prepared by stirring 1.5% by weight of active ingredient in 10% by volume propylene glycol and water. The solution should be made isotonic with sodium chloride and sterilized.

Suspension

An aqueous suspension can be prepared for oral administration so that each 5 mL contain 100 mg of finely divided active ingredient, 200 mg of sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, 5 mg of sodium benzoate, 1.0 g of sorbitol solution, U.S.P., and 0.025 mL of vanillin.

Where the compounds of this invention are combined with other anticoagulant agents, for example, a daily dosage may be about 0.1 to 100 milligrams of the compound of Formula I and about 1 to 7.5 milligrams of the second anticoagulant, per kilogram of patient body weight. For a tablet dosage form, the compounds of this invention generally may be present in an amount of about 5 to 10 milligrams per dosage unit, and the second anti-

coagulant in an amount of about 1 to 5 milligrams per dosage unit.

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Where two or more of the foregoing second therapeutic agents are administered with the compound of Formula I, generally the amount of each component in a typical daily dosage and typical dosage form may be reduced relative to the usual dosage of the agent when administered alone, in view of the additive or synergistic effect of the therapeutic agents when administered in combination.

Particularly when provided as a single dosage unit, the potential exists for a chemical interaction between the combined active ingredients. For this reason, when the compound of Formula I and a second therapeutic agent are combined in a single dosage unit they are formulated 15 such that although the active ingredients are combined in a single dosage unit, the physical contact between the active ingredients is minimized (that is, reduced). For example, one active ingredient may be enteric 20 coated. By enteric coating one of the active ingredients, it is possible not only to minimize the contact between the combined active ingredients, but also, it is possible to control the release of one of these components in the gastrointestinal tract such that one of these components is not released in the stomach 25 but rather is released in the intestines. One of the active ingredients may also be coated with a material which effects a sustained-release throughout the gastrointestinal tract and also serves to minimize 30 physical contact between the combined active ingredients. Furthermore, the sustained-released component can be additionally enteric coated such that the release of this component occurs only in the intestine. Still another approach would involve the 35 formulation of a combination product in which the one

component is coated with a sustained and/or enteric release polymer, and the other component is also coated with a polymer such as a lowviscosity grade of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC) or other appropriate materials as known in the art, in order to further separate the active components. The polymer coating serves to form an additional barrier to interaction with the other component.

These as well as other ways of minimizing contact

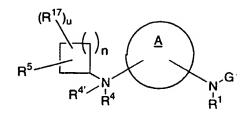
10 between the components of combination products of the present invention, whether administered in a single dosage form or administered in separate forms but at the same time by the same manner, will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, once armed with the present disclosure.

Obviously, numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise that as specifically described herein.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

5 1. A compound of formula (I):



(I)

or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

A is selected from

$$(R^{18})_{u} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

$$f (CH_{2})_{t} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

$$(R^{18})_{u} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

$$(R^{18})_{u} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

$$(R^{18})_{u} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

$$(R^{18})_{u} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

$$(R^{18})_{u} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

$$(R^{18})_{u} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

$$(CH_{2})_{t} (CH_{2})_{t}$$

G is selected from $-C(0)R^3$, $-C(0)NR^2R^3$, $-C(0)OR^3$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, $-SO_2R^3$, $-C(=S)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$,

$$\begin{array}{c} (O)_{s} \\ N^{-S} \\ NR^{2}R^{3} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} X^{1} \\ X^{2} \\ W \end{array} \begin{array}{c} W \\ W \end{array} (R^{15})_{w} \\ M \end{array}$$

$$- \begin{cases} Z^{1} \\ Z^{2} \\ W \end{array} \begin{array}{c} W \\ W \end{array} (R^{15})_{w} \\ \vdots \\ W \end{array} \begin{array}{c} (R^{15})_{w} \\ \vdots \\ (R^{15})_{w} \\ \vdots \\ (R^{15})_{w} \end{array}$$

W, at each occurrence, is independently selected from C
or N, provided at least two of W are C;

X is selected from O, S, and NR¹⁹;

 ${\tt X^1}$ and ${\tt X^2}$ are independently selected from C and N;

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 Z^1 is selected from C and N;

 Z^2 is selected from NR^{1a} , O, S and C;

- 15 R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;
- R^{1a} is independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{a} ;
- Ra, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl,

 Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^c$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^c$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^c$, $(CH_2)_rCH(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$,

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(CH_2)_rNHC (=NR^b)NR^bR^b, (CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^c, (CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^bR^b, (CH_2)_rNR^bS(O)_2R^c, and (CH_2)_rpheny1;
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- R^b , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 10 alternatively, R² and R³ join to form a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring substituted with 0-3 R^a;
- R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15} and a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15} ;
- $R^{3'}$ and $R^{3''}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, 20 C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^4 is hydrogen, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, and a } (CH_2)_r-C_{3-10} \text{ carbocyclic}$ residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;
 - alternatively, R^4 joins with R^8 or R^{11} to form a pyrrolidine or piperidine ring system substituted with 0-3 R^{4d} ;

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 R^{4} ' is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$

cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_qC(O)R^{4b}$, $(CH_2)_qC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, $(CH_2)_qC(O)OR^{4a}$, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;

- 5 R^{4a} and $R^{4a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, E_{1} , E_{1} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{3-6} cycloalkyl, E_{3-6} , E_{3

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- R^{4d} , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CHR')_qOH$, $(CHR')_qOR^{7a}, (CHR')_qOC(O)R^{7b}, (CHR')_qOC(O)NHR^{7a};$
- R^5 is selected from a $(CR^5'R^5'')_t$ - $C_{3-10310}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{1616} and a $(CR^5'R^5'')$ t-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{1616} ;
 - R^{5} ' and R^{5} '', at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 30 R⁷, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CHR')_qOH$, $(CHR')_qSH$, $(CHR')_qOR^{7d}$, $(CHR')_qSR^{7d}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CHR')_qC(O)OH$,

 $(CHR')_{r}C(0)R^{7b}, (CHR')_{q}C(0)NR^{7a}R^{7a'}, \\ (CHR')_{q}NR^{7a}C(0)R^{7a}, (CHR')_{q}NR^{7a}C(0)H, \\ (CHR')_{q}C(0)OR^{7a}, (CHR')_{q}OC(0)R^{7b}, (CHR')_{q}S(0)_{p}R^{7b}, \\ (CHR')_{q}S(0)_{2}NR^{7a}R^{7a'}, (CHR')_{q}NR^{7a}S(0)_{2}R^{7b}, \\ (CHR')_{q}NHC(0)NR^{7a'}R^{7a}, (CHR')_{q}NHC(0)OR^{7a}, \\ (CHR')_{q}OC(0)NHR^{7a}, C_{1-6} \ haloalkyl, a (CHR')_{r}-C_{3-10} \\ carbocyclic \ residue \ substituted \ with \ 0-3 \ R^{7c}, \ and \ a \\ (CHR')_{r}-5-10 \ membered \ heterocyclic \ system \\ containing \ 1-4 \ heteroatoms \ selected \ from \ N, \ O, \ and \\ S, \ substituted \ with \ 0-2 \ R^{7c};$

 R^{7a} and $R^{7a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

 R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

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R^{7c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO₂, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}C(O)R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{7f}R^{7f}$,

 $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$ substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

- 5 R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} , and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} ;
- R^{7e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, E_{1} , $(CF_{2})_{r}CF_{3}$, $(CH_{2})_{r}OC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{q}OH$, OH, $(CH_{2})_{q}SH$, SH, $(CH_{2})_{r}SC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{q}NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_{2})_{r}phenyl$;
- 15 R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^8 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8a} ;

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- alternatively, R^7 and R^8 join to form C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, or =NR^{8b};
- 30 R^{8b} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, OH, CN, and $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl;

R¹¹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)NR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_2NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}S(0)_2R^{11b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;

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- R^{11a} and $R^{11a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
- R^{11b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
- 30 R^{11c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11}fR^{11}f$,

 $(CH_2)_rOH, \quad (CH_2)_rOC_{1-4} \text{ alkyl}, \quad (CH_2)_rSC_{1-4} \text{ alkyl}, \\ (CH_2)_rC(0)OH, \quad (CH_2)_rC(0)R^{11b}, \quad (CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{11f}R^{11f}, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{11f}C(0)R^{11a}, \quad (CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4} \text{ alkyl}, \\ (CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{11b}, \quad (CH_2)_rC(=NR^{11f})NR^{11f}R^{11f}, \\ (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{11f})NR^{11f}R^{11f}, \quad (CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{11b}, \\ (CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{11f}R^{11f}, \quad (CH_2)_rNR^{11f}S(0)_2R^{11b}, \text{ and} \\ (CH_2)_rphenyl \text{ substituted with } 0-3 R^{11e};$

- R^{11d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;
- R^{11e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F_{7} , F_{7}
- 20 R^{11f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2, CN, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rOH, (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}, \\ (CHR')_rSH, (CHR')_rC(O)H, (CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}, \\ (CHR')_rC(O)OH, (CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, \\ (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}, \\ (CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$

(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a}', (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)₂NR^{15a}R^{15a}', (CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)₂(CHR')_rR^{15b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

10 R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{15e} ;

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- R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms

selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;

- R^{15e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}R^{15f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- 10 R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{16} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, 15 Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, (CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rOH, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$. $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{16d},$ $(CHR')_rOC(0)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, 20 $(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b},$ $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{16b},$ C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', and 25 (CHR') rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e};
- R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;

 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;

- R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}R^{16f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
 - R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{17c} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{17c} ;

 R^{17a} and $R^{17a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{17e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{17e} ;

 R^{17b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{17e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{17e} ;

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R^{17c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{17f}R^{17f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{17b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{17f}R^{17f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{17f}C(O)R^{17a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{17b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)C_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{17b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{17f}NR^{17f}R^{17f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{17b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{17f})NR^{17f}R^{17f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{17f}R^{17f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{17f}S(O)_2R^{17b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{17e} ;

 R^{17d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{17e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{17c} ;

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- R^{17e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{17f}R^{17f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
- R^{17f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- 15 R^{18} , is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CHR')_qOH$, $(CHR')_qSH$, $(CHR')_qOR^{18d}$, $(CHR')_qSR^{18d}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}R^{18a'}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)R^{18b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{18a}R^{18a'}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}C(O)R^{18a}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}C(O)H$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OR^{18a}$, $(CHR')_qOC(O)R^{18b}$, $(CHR')_qS(O)_pR^{18b}$, $(CHR')_qS(O)_2NR^{18a}R^{18a'}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{18a}S(O)_2R^{18b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CHR')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue
- substituted with 0-3 R^{18c} , and a $(CHR')_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{18c} ;
- R^{18a} and $R^{18a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ are carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{18e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system

containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{18e} ;

 R^{18b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{18e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{18e} ;

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R^{18c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C1, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{18b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{18f}C(0)R^{18a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{18b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)C_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{18b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(eNR^{18f})NR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{18b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(eNR^{18f})NR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{18f}R^{18f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{18f}S(0)_2R^{18b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{18e} :

 R^{18d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{18e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{18c} ;

R^{18e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{18f}R^{18f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;

 R^{18f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

- R¹⁹ is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $-C(0)R^{19b}$, $-C(0)NR^{19a}R^{19a}$, $-C(0)OR^{19a}$, and $-SO_2R^{19a}$, a $(CHR')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16} , and a $(CHR')_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16} ;
- R^{19a} is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, a $(CR^{5'5}R^{5''})_t$ - $C_{3-10310}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{1516} and a $(CR^{5'5}R^{5''5})_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{1616} ;
- R^{19b} is selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, a $(CR^{5'}R^{5''})_t$ - $C_{3-10310}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{1516} and a $(CR^{5'}R^{5''})_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{1616} ;
 - m, at each occurrence, is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and
 5;
- n, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 30 and 5;

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o, at each occurrence, is selected from 1 and 2;

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p, at each occurrence, is selected from 1 and 2;
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- r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;
 - q, at each occurrence, is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and
 5;
- 10 s, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;
 - t, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;
- - v, at each occurrence, is selected from 0 and 1; and
- 20 w, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.
 - 2. The compound of claim 1, wherein:
- R^{4'} is absent or, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide;
 - R⁷, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CHR')_qOH$, $(CHR')_qOR^{7d}$, $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CHR')_qC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CHR')_qC(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$,
- $(CHR')_qNR^{7a}C(O)R^{7b}, (CHR')_qNR^{7a}C(O)H,$ $(CHR')_qS(O)_2NR^{7a}R^{7a'}, (CHR')_qNR^{7a}S(O)_2R^{7b},$ $(CHR')_qNHC(O)NHR^{7a}, (CHR')_qNHC(O)OR^{7a},$ $(CHR')_qOC(O)NHR^{7a}, C_{1-6} \ halloalkyl, \ a \ (CHR')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} , and a

 $(CHR')_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{7c} ;

- 5 alternatively, R^7 and R^8 join to form C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, or =NR^{8b};
- R¹¹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)NHR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qNHC(0)NHR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qNHC(0)NHR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)NHR^{11a}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} .
- 3. The compound of claim 2, wherein:

A is selected from

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$$(R^{18})_u$$
 $(CH_2)_t$ $(CH_2)_$

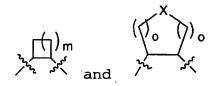
t is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

4. The compound of claim 3, wherein:

 R^{17} is selected from H; and

- 5 R^{18} is selected from H.
 - 5. The compound of claim 4, wherein:

A is selected from



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6. The compound of claim 5, wherein:

G is selected from $-C(O)R^3$, $-C(O)NR^2R^3$, $-C(O)OR^3$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, and $-SO_2R^3$, $-C(=S)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$, and

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7. The compound of claim 6, wherein:

G is selected from $-C(O)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, and $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$;

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8. The compound of claim 7, wherein:

R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2, CN, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rOH, (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}, \\ (CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}, \\ (CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{16b}, \\ C_{1-6} \text{ haloalkyl}, \text{ and } (CHR')_r\text{phenyl} \text{ substituted with } \\ 0-3 \ R^{16e};$

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- R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
- 15 R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, CF₃, and OCH₃;
 - R^{16f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H; and
- 20 r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
 - 9. The compound of claim 8, wherein:
- R³ is selected from a $(CR^{3'}R^{3''})_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue 25 substituted with 0-2 R¹⁵ and a $(CR^{3'}CR^{3''})_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, subsituted with 0-2 R¹⁵;
- 30 $R^{3'}$ and $R^{3''}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H;
 - R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, F, CN,

 $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rOH, (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}, \\ (CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, \\ (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}, \\ (CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}, \\ (CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}, \\ C_{1-6} \text{ haloalkyl}, C_{2-8} \text{ alkenyl substituted with } 0-3 \\ R', C_{2-8} \text{ alkynyl substituted with } 0-3 \\ R', C_{1-6} \text{ haloalkyl substituted with } 0-3 \\ R', C_{2-8} \text{ alkynyl substituted with } 0-3 \\ R', C_{2-8} \text{ alkynyl substituted with } 0-3 \\ R^{15e}, \text{ and a} \\ 10 \\ (CH_2)_r-5-10 \text{ membered heterocyclic system containing } \\ 1-4 \text{ heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, } \\ \text{substituted with } 0-2 \\ R^{15e}; \\ \end{aligned}$

- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-6} alkyl;
- R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, at each occurrence, are selected from H,

 C₁₋₆ alkyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue

 substituted with 0-5 R^{15e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6

 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2

 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted

 with 0-2 R^{15e};
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ; and
- 30 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, and OH.

10. The compound of claim 5, wherein:

G is selected from
$$X_1^1 \times W_1 \times W_2 \times W_1 \times W_2 \times W_2 \times W_1 \times W_2 \times W$$

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11. The compound of claim 10, wherein:

R1 is selected from H;

- 10 both X^1 and X^2 cannot be C; and
 - Z^2 is selected from NR^{1'}, O, and S.
 - 12. The compound of claim 11, wherein:

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 R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;

R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, CF₃, and OCH₃;

R^{16f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H; and 5 r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

- 13. The compound of claim 12, wherein:
- 10 R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, F, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$,
- 15 (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}, (CHR')_rOC(O) (CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)₂NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)₂(CHR')_rR^{15b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,
- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-6} alkyl;

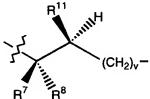
substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

 R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ; and

 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, and OH.

10 14. The compound of claim 2, wherein:



A is selected from

v is selected from 0 and 1.

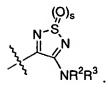
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15. The compound of claim 14, wherein:

G is selected from $-C(0)R^3$, $-C(0)NR^2R^3$, $-C(0)OR^3$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, and $-SO_2R^3$, $-C(=S)NR^2R^3$, $C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$, and



16. The compound of claim 15, wherein:

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G is selected from $-C(0)NR^2R^3$, $^{23}C(=NR^{1a})NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHCN)NR^2R^3$, $C(=CHNO_2)NR^2R^3$, and $C(=C(CN)_2)NR^2R^3$.

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17. The compound of claim 16, wherein:

- R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, and $(CHR')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
 - R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, CF₃, and OCH₃;
- R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H; and r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
- 25 18. The compound of claim 17, wherein:
- R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{15} and a $(CR^3'CR^3'')_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, subsituted with 0-2 R^{15}
 - R^{3} ' and R^{3} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H;

 R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, F, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, 10 C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR') rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e}; 15

- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-6} alkyl;
- 20 R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
 - R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ; and

 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, and OH.

19. The compound of claim 14, wherein:

5

G is selected from
$$\begin{array}{c} X^1 & W \\ W & W \end{array} (R^{15})_w \\ - X^1 & W \\ W & W \end{array} (R^{15})_w \\ - X^2 & W \\ W & W \end{array} (R^{15})_w$$

20. The compound of claim 19, wherein:

10

 R^1 is H;

both X^1 and X^2 cannot be C; and

15 Z^2 is selected from NR¹, O, and S.

21. The compound of claim 20, wherein:

R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, and $(CHR')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

 R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, methyl, ethyl, and a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;

- 5 R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, CF₃, and OCH₃;
 - R^{16f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H; and
- 10 r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
 - 22. The compound of claim 21, wherein:
- R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, 15 $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, F, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, 20 $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR') rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a 25 (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};
- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-6} 30 alkyl;

 R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ; and
- R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, and OH.
 - 23. The compound of claim 1 wherein the compound is selected from:
- 20 N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea hydrochloride;
- N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[trans-4-[(4fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1cyclohexyl]urea hydrochloride;
- N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
 - N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[cis-4-[(4fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-1cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;

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N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-
                              fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1-
                              cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
   5
             N-(3-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-N'-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-cyanopheny1)-[(4-
                              fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1-
                              cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
10
             N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[trans-4-[(4-acetylphenyl)]]]
                              fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1-
                              cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
             N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2S)-2-[[cis-4-[(4-acetylphenyl)]]]
15
                              fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1S)-1-
                              cyclohexyl]urea trifluoroacetate;
             N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
                              fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
20
                              1-cyclohexyl]urea;
             N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
                              fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1S)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
                              1-cyclohexyl]urea;
25
             N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
                              fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
                              1-cyclohexyl]urea;
30
            N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-acetylphenyl)])]
                             fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1S)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
                             1-cyclohexyl]urea;
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N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)])]
           fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
 5
     N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3R)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)])]
           fluorophenyl) methyl] - (1S) -1-cyclohexyl] amino] - (1R) -
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
     N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)])]
10
           fluorophenyl)methyl]-(1R)-1-cyclohexyl]amino]-(1R)-
           1-cyclohexyl]urea;
     N-(4-fluoropheny1)-N'-[(2R)-2-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluoropheny1)])]
           fluorophenyl) methyl] - (1S) - 1 - cyclohexyl] amino] - (1R) - 1
15
           1-cyclohexyl]urea; .
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-((3S,4S)-4-\{[4-(4-4)]
           fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]amino}tetrahydro-3-
           furanyl)urea;
20
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-(\{(2S)-1-[4-(4-4)]\}
           fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea;
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2S)-1-[4-(4-
25
          fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea;
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2R)-1-[4-(4-
          fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea;
30
     N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-({(2R)-1-[4-(4-
          fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}methyl)urea;
     N-(3-\text{acetylphenyl})-N'-\{(3R)-1-[4-(4-
          fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}urea;
35
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N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(3R)-1-[4-(4-
fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}urea;
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- $N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-\{(3S)-1-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidinyl}urea; and$
 - $N-(3-\text{acetylphenyl})-N'-\{(3S)-1-[4-(4-\text{fluorobenzyl})\text{cyclohexyl}]\text{pyrrolidinyl}\text{urea}.$

- 10 24. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
- 25. A method for modulation of chemokine receptor activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1
- 26. A method for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
- 25 27. A method for treating or preventing asthma, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

in onal Application No PCT/US 00/28353

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C07C275/38 C07C C07C275/42 A61K31/17 A61K31/277 A61K31/40 A61P29/00 A61K31/34 C07D307/22 C07D207/09 C07D207/14 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) CO7C CO7D A61K A61P Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal, WPI Data, CHEM ABS Data C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. P,X WO 00 35454 A (DU PONT PHARMACEUTICALS) 1-22.22 June 2000 (2000-06-22) 24-27 page 240 -page 273; claims Α WO 98 25604 A (MERCK) 1,24-2718 June 1998 (1998-06-18) cited in the application claims; examples Α WO 99 27939 A (THE GOVERNMENT OF THE 1,24-27 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) 10 June 1999 (1999-06-10) claims; examples Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: 'T' later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance invention *E* earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention filing date cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to "L° document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed *&* document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 6 February 2001 15/02/2001 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Zervas, B

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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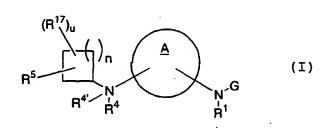
25 October 2001

(15) Information about Correction: see PCT Gazette No. 43/2001 of 25 October 2001, Section II

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.



(54) Title: BENZYLCYCLOALKYL AMINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR ACTIVITY



(57) Abstract: The present application describes modulators of CCR3 of formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, useful for the prevention of inflammatory diseases such as asthma and other allergic diseases.